

CROSSFIELD CHRONICLE

VOL. XXVIII. No. 40

CROSSFIELD, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, AUGUST 30, 1934

PRICE 1.50 A YEAR

September 4th. School Opening

School Supplies Headquarters

Scribblers, pen and ink	
24 page	10 for 25c
32 page	9 for 25c
Leatherette, assorted colors	
60 pages	4 for 25c
Leatherette, 200 pages, each	
	18c
LOOSE LEAF SCRIBBLERS	
with 36 page fillers	25c
Refills for same	10c
"HUGE" PENCIL SCRIBBLERS	
	5c
RULERS	5c. Steel edge
	10c
INK—Fountain pen, bottle	
	10c
PENCILS—Dixon Pencil	
	2 for 5c

Halliday & Laut

Need a New Wagon?

You can buy a heavy McCormick-Deering gear with doubletrees and neckyokes that regularly sell for \$135.00 for \$75.00.

These wagons have never been out of the warehouse and are snaps at the price.

125 bushel steel frame Grain Tanks, regular \$89.50. Special \$49.50

Wm. Laut

AND NOW . . .

BRITISH AMERICAN Announces

NEVER - NOX

ALL THAT THE NAME IMPLIES

An Ethylized gasoline . . . giving super performance . . . refined in the West . . . for Western conditions . . . now available at

Cars Washed, Simonized and Polished
WORK GUARANTEED.

Crossfield Garage

F. T. BAKER

Farmers Attention !

I have purchased a Carter Disc Cleaner and will be prepared to clean your grain at your farm at low cost.

Will be ready early in September. Get in touch with

A. ANDERSON, Crossfield

Crossfield Transfer AND STORAGE

Daily Service Crossfield and Calgary.

INSURED LOADS

Heavy Hauling and Trailer Hauling.

M. PATMORE Phone 62 **Crossfield**

Calgary Phone—M 1826

Louis Overby Sustains Painful Injuries in Binder Accident

Louis Overby well known farmer of this community met with a painful accident about 5 p. m. Tuesday afternoon, while cutting grain he got down in front of the binder to thread the needle, when the team started, knocking him to the ground and dragging him for some 50 or 60 feet, when Melvin Johnston, stooking nearby, stopped the team. It is presumed that the bull wheel passed over his left leg causing a compound fracture, as well as inflicting bruises and other lacerations to the body and other limbs.

Mr. Overby was rushed into Crossfield and Dr. Whillans decided it was a hospital case and removed him to the General Hospital Calgary, where he will be confined for the next month or six weeks.

Lady Luck seems to be dogging Mr. Overby, as it will be recalled that about this time last year, Louis was badly injured by a bull, and had to resort to crutches for some time, and the sympathy of the community goes out to him, with the wish that in future Lady Luck will deal more kindly.

Madden Youngster Loses Fingers Playing Cowboy

Bobbie, nine-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Jack Fairbairn, of Madden, was the victim of a most painful accident on Friday of last week, when three fingers were severed from his left hand. Bobbie was playing cowboy and while riding an old saddle horse he caught a post, and as he had hold of the horn of the saddle with his left hand he wrapped the rope around the horn and his fingers, the horse kept on moving and as the rope tightened it severed his fingers.

Vehicles Must Have Reflectors

Now that the nights are drawing in, it is important that the provisions of the new legislation governing the lighting of vehicles on the highway after dark be understood. According to the Act, every vehicle on the highway, including bicycles, must have a light or reflector, front and rear, and persons in charge of vehicles not so equipped are liable to prosecution. The law is one designed for the greater safety of the public using the highway, and every vehicle owner should see that his vehicle is properly equipped for night driving.

Tennis Notes

Didbury Tennis Club were to come down last Sunday to play for the Cup but couldn't manage it as defaulted. Caretakers filled in by sending down a carload of members and a number of friendly games were played.

Mrs. J. M. Williams and Miss Grace Williams entertained the players at their home following the games.

Band Concert Saturday Afternoon

The Salvation Army Boys' Band will be visiting Crossfield on Sat., Sept. 1st and will be giving an open air musical program at 3.15 p.m. The Band is composed of 26 boys ranging from 8 to 17 years old.

All are given a hearty invitation to come and hear the boys.

Pete Knight Makes Brief Visit

Pete Knight, champion bronk rider of the world, accompanied by Mrs. Knight, were visitors last week at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Knight, and left on Saturday en route to Ellensburg, Wash. where he will compete in the rodeo there prior to leaving for Melbourne, Australia, where he will represent Canada in the bucking horse riding championship, which will feature the big centenary celebration in the Australian centre.

Monday, September 3, is Labor Day, and is a public holiday throughout the Dominion.

School Fair September 6

The date for the School Fair draws near, and the support of the grown up public is earnestly solicited. Make it a point to come out and lend your assistance to the sponsors, giving to them by your presence the necessary impetus to carry on this good work.

This year the co-operation of the parents is sought, to the end that they will see that the exhibits of the children are wholly and solely their own, for, by so doing, is the only way that true competitive spirit can be fostered among the younger generation.

School Grades Correction

Last week we inadvertently stated that all Grades up to XII would be taught this year, but this should have read all grades up to and including XI.

The Grade XII experiment of last year did not prove as successful as could be wished, and in fairness to all concerned the Board have decided to dispense with this grade for 34-35.

Collicutt Cattle for B. C. Fairs

Frank Collicutt shipped 12 head of his prize winning Hereford cattle to the coast on Saturday where they will be exhibited at Vancouver and Victoria Fall Fairs.

The Collicutt cattle made practically a clean sweep at the Calgary and Edmonton Fairs and they are expected to repeat at the coast.

AN EARLY HARVEST

The continued dry, warm weather has made the harvest this year the earliest in years. Cutting is probably more than 85 per cent completed and one or two threshing rigs are due to start today, while most of the rigs will get underway next week.

Public Reception for Miss Fitzpatrick on Sept. 17th

At a meeting held in the Fire Hall on Saturday night, it was decided that the Board of Trade and other organizations in the community will tender a public reception in the form of a banquet and presentation to Miss Margaret Fitzpatrick on her return from the British Empire Games. The event will take place in the Masonic Hall on Monday evening September 17.

An invitation has been extended to Hon. R. G. Reid Premier of Alberta, Dr. G. D. Stanley, M.P., Mayor Davison of Calgary, the officers of the Altomah Club, Calgary, and other notables of the Province.

Remember folks, this is a public reception to honor Alberta's only girl representative at the British Empire Games, and this honor is not only shared by the people of Crossfield and community but by the Province of Alberta.

Constable Donald Cameron has met with a noble response in his solicitation for funds for the presentation, but if by any chance you have been overlooked you can still contribute by getting in touch with Mr. Cameron.

Things to Remember

In this week's we publish the last notice to those in arrears of Business Tax.

The Village new Pure Food By-Law comes into effect tomorrow September 1st.

A check up will be made this coming week of those selling milk in the Village without a license.

BIRTHS

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. G. E. Huser at the Holy Cross Hospital, Calgary on August 28, 1934, a son (George Gottlieb.)

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. John Spooner, Carstairs, on August 24, 1934, a son.

BORN—To Mr. and Mrs. Sam Dunsmore, Madden, on August 30, 1934, a son.

School Supplies

Lead Pencils	-	-	2 for 9c
Ink Scribbles			10 for 25c
Pencil Scribbles, Pow Wow, each			5c
Drawing Pads, each	-	-	5 & 10c
Art Gum Erasers, each	-	-	5c
Penholders, each	-	-	5c

Crossfield District Co-Operative
Association U. F. A. Limited.

Your motor should run sweet and true as when you bought it. Those knocks and rattles coming from your motor mean waste of fuel and oil. What your car really needs is a first class Spring Overhaul.

Drop in and let us quote you a price
on your overhaul.

The Highway Garage

W. J. Wood

Phone 11

THE OLIVER HOTEL

A. CRUICKSHANK, Prop.

Steam Heated, Hot and Cold Water

Dining Room and Luncheon Counter in Connection

Crossfield

Phone 54

Alberta.

Harvest Time

Means—Granaries, Reel Slats, Reel Arms, Canvas Slats, Stub Tongues, Eveners and many other items. All of which can be purchased at this yard at money saving prices.

The flies are looking for a good place to "roost" Head them off now with one of our Combination Doors.

Atlas Lumber Co. Ltd.

Member

Phone 15

W.R.L.A.

28 inch Rumely Separator,
ready to go...\$350.00.

Metal Wheel Truck \$40.00
This truck was new last year and is a snap.

See Bargain List of other implements.

J. M. WILLIAMS

Acetylene Welding

General Blacksmith

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND

"ORANGE PEKOE BLEND"

TEA

"Fresh from the Gardens"

Now It Could Be Done

Probably it is as direct reaction to the appalling state of irritant unrest which keeps international nerves continually on edge that more is being written and heard now of peace and its perpetuation than was heard or written during the great fiasco which terminated in the framing of the Treaty of Versailles.

The Anglo-Saxon world, at least, has come to the conclusion that a treaty inspired by revenge and nurtured by fear is altogether too provocative an instrument to produce anything more than a mere armistice or truce. That section of the world now is convinced that the Christian virtues of humility and fraternity could and would provide a better background for an abiding peace featuring the essential conditions of harmony and mutual co-operation.

It is hard to concede that mankind is devoid of capacity to bring about this condition or state. In fact, when one scans the war efforts of the belligerent nations between 1914 and 1918, one is forced to conclude that only the Will is lacking. Were the efforts made then to destroy life and property exerted now to preserve life and property, world peace quickly would be achieved. There is no doubt of it.

If doubts be cherished, they would quickly be dispelled by reference to the recently published "War Memoirs" of David Lloyd George. First as Britain's Minister of Munitions then as her premier, Mr. Lloyd George was primarily responsible for organizing the country's human and industrial resources for victory. How far-reaching, how extensive that organization was, is vividly revealed in the pages of his narrative. All essential industries were brought within the compass of his authority. All were made to contribute their full quota to the national effort. That gigantic organization was established for the dual purpose of building up the allied, and of breaking down the enemy, capacity to endure. The achievement shows conclusively what can be done by organization on the grand scale.

Considering the efficacy of war-time organization and effort, surely it is not foolhardy to suggest that, were all the major nations of the world to unite in organizing in the cause of peace, lasting and prosperous peace would ensue. And were the same efforts applied to solving the economic problems of the peoples of the world unquestionably they, too, would yield.

It is a strange commentary on civilization and human progress that sacrifices to win a war should be described as "heroic" and, as such, borne with determination and a grin, while sacrifices to win a peace should be branded as humiliating and intolerable. It is strange, too, that war could be financed with no insuperable difficulty, while finances required in an economic depression to keep innocent people from starvation, present apparently insurmountable obstacles to the governments concerned.

Nicholas Murray Butler, noted American liberal, recently translated the financial cost of the world war into graphic and startling terms. It cost 400 billion dollars. "With that money," he says, "we could have built a \$2,500 house, furnished it with \$1,000 worth of furniture, placed it on five acres of land worth \$100 an acre, and given this home to each and every family in the United States, Canada, Australia, England, Scotland, Wales, Ireland, France, Belgium, Germany and Russia. We could have given to each city of 20,000 inhabitants and over in each country named, a five million dollar library and a ten million dollar university. Out of what was left we could have set aside a sum at five per cent. that would provide a \$1,000 yearly salary for 125,000 teachers, and a like salary for another army of 125,000 nurses."

Four hundred billion dollars was expended in a war which took 30,000,000 lives. Surely, no dollar amount expended in a peace, would save a similar number from sufferings attendant upon economic depression.

Recover Sunken Gold

Five Million Dollars Removed From Hold Of Steamer Lauretic

Bullion valued at \$1,000,000 (\$5,000,000) was removed by a private salvage firm from the sunken steamer Lauretic, which went to the bottom with a German torpedo in 1917, the London Mail says.

Admiralty divers salvaged \$5,000,000 between 1914 and 1922, and abandoned the remaining \$1,000,000 because the ship had been smashed and buried in the sand.

Salvage operations on the steamship Lauretic, a 15,000-ton White Star liner which lay in 120 feet of water, are known to be among the most difficult ever attempted.

British navy divers clad in rubber suits made more than 5,000 dives to recover \$5,000,000 worth of bullion.

The Lauretic was sunk off the mouth of Lough Swilly in Northern Ireland, in a position exposed to westerly and northwesterly gales.

Belongs To England

The title of the "God Save the King" has always been a matter for argument, but most authorities agree on one point, that it is English. It was "adopted" by the Prussians, and with appropriate verses became the Prussian national anthem. So it is quite erroneous to say that it "belongs" to Germany, in the sense that it was borrowed from them.

Mail By Rocket

German Invention May Shoot Letters From Dover To Calais

A rocket mail service may be established between Dover, England, and Calais, France. The enterprise would employ the "Zucker" aluminum rocket, a German invention which was exhibited at the International Air Post Exposition in London the first part of May.

It is estimated that by means of the rocket service letters may be shot across the English Channel, a distance of 21 miles, in one minute.

It is reported locally that the invention, after demonstrating the practicability of such a service, intends to approach the British and French governments with a view to arranging for a regular rocket mail service, a British subsidiary being formed for the purpose. Under the proposed scheme, Calais would be the receiving and dispatching point for the continent.

Valuable Copper Salvaged

Five hundred tons of copper, valued at over \$80,000, were recovered from the sunken Speculator off Kingsdale, Irish Free State, by the Italian salvage ship Airplane in the first 14 days of operation. The Airplane is believed to be directly over the spot where the Lusitania was sunk by a torpedo during the World War. The Lusitania contains over \$5,000,000 in gold bullion.

Some Interesting Facts

Article Deals With African Desert Dust And Elephants

News of the World, London, says: "In an interesting article in the National Geographic Magazine it is stated that it is not only in this country that motor-buses are cursed, but that Arab camels are loud in protest and abuse of the motor, which fling choking clouds of dust all over the pilgrims."

"Away, thou son of a dog! By Allah! What an invention of the devil! May your bones break and be burnt to cinders by the sun!"

"But in another few years the poor camels may have still more cause to protest, for the road along which the pilgrims travel will probably be the route of the proposed Jeddah-Mecca railway."

"The same authority says that much of the elephant lore that is widely accepted is fabulous. The elephant has a wonderful memory, but the beast does not often resent a wrong. If elephants avenged every beating there would be a very high mortality among elephant trainers and attendants."

"If the trainer or keeper fears the animal, and does not at once subdue it with force, then that particular elephant will continue to intimidate him, and he may eventually be killed. If, however, he subdues it at once by force, it will then usually submit to his authority ever afterwards."

"It is often said that African elephants cannot be trained, and therefore are seldom seen in circuses or zoos. The African elephant is as easily trained as the Indian."

"The great Jumbo was taught to carry children on his back in the London Zoo, and was a docile and safe elephant. The Belgians at Apt, one of their stations in the Congo, are using trained African elephants to plough fields and to pile and carry logs and lumber."

Alberta Teachers

Considerable Versatility Is Demanded By School Boards

Some Alberta school boards apparently demand considerable versatility of talents in their school teachers. This was revealed at Edmonton as the hearing of appeals for alleged wrongful dismissal of teachers continued before Judge MacDonald, sitting as a board of reference.

A young woman teaching in the Willowdale district claimed she had been dismissed because she could not play the piano.

Another board, through its chairman, stated that the teacher had been dismissed because she was too high strung and was continually bawling the pupils on the heels.

Almost Everything

A youth had just driven home from college, at the close of the term.

"Did you pass everything?" asked his mother anxiously.

"Everything but two motorcycles. They must have had airplane motors in them."

"The 'lost world' of southern Venezuela is being explored by a scientific expedition.

Fight Auto Invasion

French-Canadians Do Not Want Cars On Mount Royal

The only city in the Dominion which boasts a mountain in its midst is in the middle of a small war about the mountain.

Mount Royal, the rearing landmark from which the metropolis of Canada derives its name, is the bone of contention in an argument as to whether automobiles shall be allowed for the first time in history to scale its summit.

The mountain broke into the headlines when Ald. J. Allan Bray ventured the suggestion motorists be permitted to wind their way upward to its wooded dells and broad expanses of green overlooking the modern city. An immediate storm of protest broke and thousands of citizens voiced their determination to preserve the primitive natural charm of Montreal's namesake for future generations to enjoy.

One of the few fortresses yet remaining against the advance of the automobile age, Mount Royal has continued to share its picturesque quaintness with Bermuda's motorless avenues. To date, only pedestrians, bicyclists and the horse-drawn Victorias which are heritages of another age in Montreal, are allowed on the mountain and the French-Canadians, who regard the great rock as part of the rich tradition of their land, declare the honking of the automobile horns will never be allowed to break its spell.

Have Suffered Most

Thousands Of German Professors Seek Work In Foreign Countries

Some 7,500 academic and professional refugees from Nazi Germany are now attempting to create a new existence for themselves in foreign countries, the New York Emergency Committee in Aid of Displaced German Scholars reveals. It is declared that "of all classes affected by the National-Socialist revolution in Germany, the academic and the professional have suffered the most."

A high commission for refugees coming from Germany is co-ordinating the work in various countries. Sixty German scholars have been placed in American institutions of higher learning. More than 1,300 German scholars have been displaced, of whom 600 to 700 have or will shortly emigrate. Between 5,200 to 5,500 professional people have left Germany and 1,500 to 1,600 of the 7,000 German university students forced to quit their studies have sought refuge outside Germany.

British farmers registered as farm cheese-makers with the milk marketing board of Great Britain, 1,284, owning 54,000 cows with an estimated output of milk of 22,000,000 gallons per annum.

The total length of the Amazon river from the head waters of the Ucayali is about 3,300 miles.

The Alaskan coast, on Disenchantment Bay, rose 47 feet during the 1899 earthquake.

WHEN THE DAVIS CUP STAYED IN ENGLAND



Princess Helena Victoria shaking hands with Fred Perry, Britain's No. 1 player, whose victorious match with Frank Shields of the United States decided the issue of the Davis Cup Challenge Round. Perry won both his singles matches as did "Bunny" Austin England's second ranking star. Mr. Roper Barrett, the non-playing captain of the British team, is seen holding the Cup.

Charantealer

CIGARETTE PAPERS

never finer made

DOUBLE
AUTOMATIC
BOOKLET
only 5¢

Fits the pocket neatly... and keeps the last paper just as fresh as the first.

Gigantic Cunard White Star Liner

Some Startling Facts About The New Queen Of The Seas

The name of the new Cunard White Star superliner now known as No. 534 will be divulged 24 hours before the hull slips down the ways at Clydebank, Scotland. Queen Mary, attended by King George V, will launch the new liner. The ship will be at least 4,018 feet long, register 73,000 or more gross tons. She will cross the Atlantic from England and France in four days. The cost of the superliner has been estimated at \$30,000,000. The vessel will have 11 decks, one the first class promenade being 750 feet long, just 35 feet less than the entire length of the Mauretania. She will be five times the length of the original Cunarder, the Britannia. The height to the main plating near the keel, the hull will weigh 163 tons. The Aquitania's is but half this weight. The main plating near the keel, the hull will weigh 163 tons. The Aquitania's is but half this weight. The main plating near the keel, the hull will weigh 163 tons. The Aquitania's is but half this weight.

There will be 2,000 portholes and windows, the panes of glass ranging from 12 inches in diameter to large oval panes 2 feet in height. The anchor cables, wire hawsers and ropes for the ship will be more than four miles in length. The anchors, of special design, will be the world's largest. There will be 60,000 cubic feet of refrigerating space. The automatic steering gear will be the largest on any ship. The ship will be driven by single-reduction geared turbines supplied with steam from high-pressure water-tube boilers. There will be four screw propellers, each driven by an independent set of machinery. The driving machinery will be placed in two separate engine rooms, each containing two turbines.

The four turbo-generators will supply power to the auxiliary machinery. Three others will supply light and power to the hotel services in the ship. Oil fuel will be used. The propellers will each weigh 35 tons and measure 20 feet from tip to tip. There will be 257,000 turbine blades, varying in length from two to 18 inches and weighing the thousandth part of an inch. The Clyde River has been widened and deepened for the launching at a cost of \$400,000. The new superliner is being built in the yards of John Brown & Co. Ltd., where the Aquitania was built.

There will be three funnels. The first funnel will be more than 70 feet in height, 130 other two lower. This arrangement will keep the decks and ventilators clear of funnel gases. The hull of the first Cunarder, the Britannia, could be passed through any one of the funnels of the new superliner. The ship will contain 50 miles of plumbing pipes. The electric lighting system is sufficient to service a city of more than 150,000 inhabitants, such as Quebec, Hamilton or Ottawa. Steam will be generated in 27 enormous boilers. The number of tubes in the boilers and auxiliary condensers will approximate 60,000. The electrical wires used would reach from Hong Kong to Vancouver and then 400 miles out into the Pacific ocean. The giant's stacks will be thirty feet in diameter, exceeding the Holland tube, between New York and Jersey City, by six inches. From the keel to the top of the foremost funnel is equal to the height of an 18-story building. The engines of the 534 will generate 200,000 horsepower—enough to tow Staten Island across the Atlantic. The make up of the ship will require 35,000 tons of steel. The catering department will contain 200,000 pieces of crockery. Ten miles of carpets will be used in covering the ship's floors. Tableware, including knives, forks, spoons, etc., will total 100,000. The ship's decorations will cost \$2,500,000. Her steadiness will be assured by a million-dollar gyroscopic device weighing 300 tons. This device will keep the ship steady to the roughest seas. The captain's bridge will be 100 feet above the water line. The steamer's ventilators will be large enough to swallow an subway car. The sun deck will contain shady garden lounges, palm courts and swimming pools, giving a tropical aspect to the surroundings during all the seasons. The steamer will be insured for approximately \$7,000,000.

In her 53 flights across the Atlantic, the Great Zeppelin has never been more than an hour behind her schedule and in many cases she has been several hours ahead.

Tents have shown that actors or actresses in a hall should speak louder in cold weather, because the heavy clothing of the audience absorbs more sound.

An aviator's hand gauge for measuring wind velocity, small enough to be slipped into a pocket is being used by Russian airmen.

Commemorate Early Flight

Aeroplanes Kept In Air From Dawn To Dusk At Edmonton

The twenty-fifth anniversary of flying in Canada was effectively commemorated at Edmonton recently when some 15 members of the Edmonton and Northern Alberta Aero Club kept an aeroplane aloft for 15 hours, 15 minutes in "a dawn-to-dusk" flight.

In common with other flying clubs across the Dominion, the flights were carried out, each machine staying in the air for shifts of one hour, to be replaced by another before the first had touched the ground.

Pilot C. North Sawie, who commenced at 5:00 a.m., was the first to complete the flight, while Pilot Sven Jensen was the last to land when he brought his machine down at 6:35 p.m. after a black rain cloud and thunder made the sky too black to continue.

Miss Margaret Fane was the only woman pilot to take part in the commemoration of the flight made by "Casey" Baldwin, who hopped off in his crudely-made "Silver Hawk" 23 years ago, August 16, in Nova Scotia.

London's Newest Building

Has Hotel Service And Every Accommodation For Tenants

"Flatlet" is the newly coined name to describe a \$10,000,000 block of flats which is being completed in London. The name is intended to describe flatlets having hotel service. There will be 50 flats, accommodating 1,500 people. As far as possible every daily want of the tenants—food, clothing or service—will be available within the building. A shopping expedition of the flat-dwellers will be merely a trip to the ground floor, and there will be restaurants, dining rooms, barber shops and beauty parlors. A novel feature will be a terrace, 16 feet wide, surrounding the top floor of the building. It resembles a liner promenade deck and will be available for sun-bathing and exercise.

Wanted His Razor

Portland Man Would Shave 'With Blade That Almost Killed Wife

You can choose your own title for this one. Here's the story. A little man entered the police station at Portland, Oregon, and asked for the razor which his wife used to slash her throat in an unsuccessful suicide attempt a few days ago.

What do you want with the razor?" a police sergeant asked. "I want to shave!" was the cool reply.

It was suggested that he buy a new razor.

Mother—Here is a nice book from which I shall read to you.

Little Girl—What did you bring me that book to be read out of for?

CAN'T SLIP OR SLIDE FALSE TEETH

Don't use any old kind of remedy to keep false teeth in place—use a reliable, safe, and sure method. Dr. W. N. U. 2061. The largest seller in the world—grape teeth so secure yet comfortable as to feel natural. Positively no slipping or clicking—blissful comfort assured all day long. Forms a special comfort cushion to protect and soothe gums. No colored, gummy paste—keeps mouth sanitary—breath pleasant. Inspectable—all druggists.

The Handiest thing in the Kitchen HANDI-ROLL

For covering shelves, lining drawers, etc. 36 inch wide or coloured paper 36 inches, or white—Appliford PAPER PRODUCTS HAMILTON, ONTARIO

W. N. U. 2061

Looseness Of The Bowels During The Summer Months

It is seldom, during the summer, that most people are not troubled with some form of looseness of the bowels. Generally it develops into Diarrhoea, Dysentery or Summer Complaint, and has a tendency to weaken the system.

Do not check the discharges too suddenly. Do not experiment with a new and untried remedy, but take Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, a remedy that has been used by thousands of families during the past 88 years.

Do not accept a substitute. Be sure and get "Dr. Fowler's" when you ask for it.

Put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Ltd., Toronto, Ont.



Facts Go To Prove That The West Is Rapidly Learning Its Lesson Of Diversified Farming

By SENATOR W. A. BUCHANAN
In Canadian Business

Alberta leads Canada in per capita production of commercial hogs. Stated baldly, Alberta last year marketed 1,032,169 hogs through the recognized commercial channels. This constituted 32.6 per cent. of the commercial hogs produced in the Dominion in 1933. With 7.5 per cent. of the population, we produced almost one-third of this important branch of livestock marketings.

It would be well to have this fact about Alberta more generally known throughout Canada, especially to the financial, manufacturing and business interests generally. For so long the people of the West have been called "wheat miners" and "soil robbers" that there is a strong tendency to blame the financial ills of the West on poor farming. We have heard Eastern men, high in the business or financial world, say as often, "If you people out West would grow something besides wheat, a bad crop wouldn't cause such a depression," that we had almost come to believe it ourselves, and to wonder if, after all, we were such bad farmers. But the 1931 census furnished us the figures to prove that, farmer for farmer if not acre for acre, we have nothing to be ashamed of.

The last census figures showed that there are more dairy cattle per farm, more beef cattle per head of hogs per farm in Alberta than there are in the banner province of Ontario. Check the Statistical Branch at Ottawa for the proof. Take the figures for commercial hog marketings last year as further proof.

Alberta in 1933 marketed 1,032,169 hogs. Ontario, with more than three times the population, marketed 1,300,000 odd. Quebec, second largest province in point of population, marketed a mere 65,000.

We did our share in beef cattle production in 1933, too. Alberta marketed last year 123,000 head of cattle shipping 10,488 of them to the Old Country to find a market. Our combined cattle and hog marketings provided approximately 200,000,000 pounds of beef and pork for consumption. Alberta's consumption of these two meat commodities is in the neighborhood of 93,750,000 pounds annually. Our surplus, for export, had to find a market outside the province, was more than our home consumption.

At a time when Canadians are being told that they must curtail their production of wheat, which the West's financial masters, by this matter of livestock production and livestock markets takes on a double significance. If we take acres out of wheat we must either give them over to coarse grains and pasture for livestock, or let them go back to acres of virgin land available for cattle and sheep grazing upon which we can expand the livestock industry without taking an acre out of wheat. Alberta has practically tripled hog production between 1921 and 1933 while, at the same time, we have practically doubled our wheat acreage. It is being forecast by livestock officials that we shall soon be leading Canada in hog production, it being pointed out that Ontario has come close to the saturation point in the production of pork. The incidence of higher pork prices during the past year due to the increasing market for Canadian bacon in the British Isles is just the stimulus needed to encourage hog growers to expand their holdings.

What has happened in hog production is happening in production of dairy products in Alberta. In 1933 the province set a new all-time record in creamery butter production, in the neighborhood of 25,000,000 pounds, and the value of commercial dairy products approximated \$12,750,000 as compared with a total valuation of \$22,000,000 for field crops—another evidence that, so far at least as Alberta is concerned we are rapidly learning the lesson of diversified farming.

Dairying and hog production, therefore, are rapidly taking up the slack in our agricultural fabric. But, as is the case with wheat, we in the West are producing much more than we consume, and the importance of markets abroad grows more acute. Whether in these days of extreme nationalism throughout the world, the West can go on expanding livestock and dairy production while holding its place as the world's largest producer of fine milling wheat

will depend entirely upon what can be done to break down the tangled web of import restrictions which have so greatly curtailed world trade. The West would like to increase livestock production, and Alberta during the depression has shown that it can be done. It only remains for markets abroad to offer opportunity for a further expansion of this phase of the farming industry.

The fact is proven to-day that the West is "mixing" its agriculture. It is diversifying according to the best practice, and it is becoming adept at it. No longer can we be accused of being a "one crop" country.

Make Your Own Happiness

Man Is Largely To Blame If Life Is Hard

Man is the artificer of his own happiness. Let him beware how he complains of the disposition of circumstances, for it is his own disposition he blames. If it is sour, or that rough, or the other steep, let him think if it be not his work. If his looks curdle all hearts, let him not complain of a sour reception; if he hobbles in his gait, let him not grumble at the roughness of the way; if he is weak in the knees, let him not call the hill steep. This was the path of the inscription on the wall of the Swedish inn: "You will find at Trochate excellent bread, meat, and wine provided you bring them with you."—Henry D. Thoreau.



By Ruth Rogers



PLENTY OF FREEDOM FOR WEE MAIDS

Characterizes French model for pre-kindergarten and kindergarten age.

This adorable little frock of sprigged dainty shown today, finished with sleeves and waistline with lace beading and grosgrain ribbon. The edge of the sleeve has a val lace trim, to match the crisp white organdie collar edge.

The full-gathered skirt allows plenty of freedom for romping about. It's also pretty as can be and practical too, carried out in pale blue and white tiny checked gingham, pink and white candy striped percale, red and white plaid lawn, etc.

Style No. 523 is designed for sizes 2, 4 and 6 years. Size 4 requires 1 1/2 yards of 35-inch material with 3/4 yard of 35-inch contrasting 2 yards of lace, 1 1/4 yards of ribbon. Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin. (Coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Name

Town

Cunard White Star Superliner

Massive Propelling Machinery Being Installed Most Powerful Ever Constructed

Rapid progress is being made in the construction of the propelling machinery for the Cunard White Star superliner No. 534, which will be launched at Clydebank at an early date by Her Majesty Queen Mary, attended by the King. When completed, this installation will be the most powerful ever constructed for any liner and the spaces reserved in the ship for turbines, boilers, and auxiliary machinery will equal the total length of some large Atlantic liners. The combined length of the four sets of engines, one of which has been completed, is more than 200 feet, while no fewer than five separate rooms will be needed for the 27 enormous boilers, nearly all of which are now ready. The main steam piping leading from these boilers to the engines would cover a straight distance of 2,500 feet. The number of tubes in the massive main and auxiliary condensers will approximate 60,000.

The installation of this propelling machinery calls for the attention of highly specialized mechanics. Every one of the 257,000 turbine blades, varying in length from two to sixteen inches, requires expert testing by hand. The gear wheels, of which there are four, received three months of delicate cutting and are lined up to a thousandth of an inch.

Holes in the stern of the hull are being completed and will soon be ready to receive the propeller shafts. This installation consists of a series of forged steel shafts approximately 33 feet long. When joined together each complete line of shafting will extend a distance of nearly 230 feet, being actually nearly 20 feet greater in length than the hull of the first Cunard liner, "Britannia".

The greater part of the propelling machinery will be fitted into the ship after the launching. Owing to the size and weight of the various parts it will be necessary for them to be handled in sections.

The four propellers of the No. 534 are the largest ever cast for any ship. Each one will weigh 35 tons and have a spread of nearly 20 feet from tip to tip. The propellers are made of manganese bronze because of its great strength, non-corrosive and non-erect qualities. They were cast in the foundry which supplied the propellers for the British battleship Hood.

Farmer Is Greatest Gambler

Who is the world's biggest gambler? We'd say the farmer. He gambles with the weather, with the soil, with grasshoppers, with army worms, with grubs and a score of other plagues—a desperate chance. If he wins, as he does occasionally, he comes off with a big stake; if he loses, which he does frequently, he has a chance to try again. Happily he is a good loser, or the world would starve.

STARS GLEAM FOR ROYAL EXILES



The stars are growing more favorable for exile royalty in Europe, observers believe. At Doorn, Holland, the 75-year-old wood-chopping former Kaiser Wilhelm II. casts anxious eyes at his former German domain, where the populace has endured political insecurity for most of the post-war years. Not much farther away than a "Big Bertha" shell could travel, waits hard some Prince Otto at a villa near Brussels, Belgium, hoping to hear trumpet sound for the restoration of the ancient house of Hapsburg to its throne in Austria and Hungary.

Some Unusual Operations

Nova Scotia Doctors Have Had Success With Crude Instruments

That story from Chicago about the doctor who saved a child from strangulation with a kitchen knife and a piece of rubber hose, didn't stir up much excitement among Halifax medical men.

They recalled that one of their number had saved a life in just a slightly different way. Without time to get his instruments, he had reached a home where a child lay near death through strangulation.

In the house he found an ordinary jack-knife. While this was being sterilized by boiling he took the father's clay pipe and snapped off the stem close to the bowl. Then he made an incision with the jack-knife, and inserted the pipe stem into the lad's windpipe. Life-giving air flowed into his lungs instantly, and subsequently he made a full recovery.

Just as resourceful was another Halifax doctor who arrived at the bedside of a choking woman with only a scalpel. He picked a hairpin from her head; then he cut a slit in her throat and inserted the hairpin.

So that the pin would keep a breathing space open, the doctor tied a length of string to each prong, then brought the strings around the neck and knotted them firmly at the rear. The makeshift enabled the stricken woman to breathe comfortably until she could be taken to hospital for an operation. She too recovered, and to-day is alive and well.

Strange Weather Prophet

Union Used By Man In Making Accurate Forecast

Marshfield's famous "union" weather prophet, Edward Benesch, is dead. He was 69.

Each New Year's eve Benesch would go alone to the basement of his cobblers shop in Marshfield, Wisconsin, and by the light of a solitary candle would cut apart onions until he found one suitable for his queer augury.

Studying 12 circles of the onion, Benesch would essay to foretell the weather for the coming year during the last half hour of the old year and the first half hour of the new.

Accuracy of his predictions won for him a nation-wide reputation.

Girls Take Up Dentistry

Profession Is Attractive To Formosa States Canadian Principal

Formosans girls are attracted more to dentistry than to the other professions, and are making good at it, in the opinion of Miss Dorothy C. Douglas, principal of a school of dentistry in Formosa, who passed through Winnipeg for a furlough at her home in Lucknow, Ontario.

"One girl graduate of our school is an exceptionally good dentist," Miss Douglas added. "She offers a reduction in her set prices to all patients who are Christians."

Western Farmers Favor Plan For Planting Tree Belt Across The Dried Out Areas of Prairies

The World Advances

Science Making Living Conditions More Pleasant

While nations may haggle over so-called bargains in nationalism and the armament manufacturers watch gleefully the reports of increasing supplies of war materials, science goes forward in its efforts to make the business of everyday living more easy and more romantic.

The other day a gentleman in Jasper, Alberta, talked to a friend on the S.S. Empress of Britain on the high seas. The conversation was sent by wires to New York, thence to London, and then transmitted through the radio channel back to the vessel. This hook-up was made in fast time, and the three minutes' talk was quite clear heard.

Just recently, Premier Bennett, sitting in Ottawa, spoke briefly in dedication of a giant electric sign placed on the Grand Building opposite Canada House in London, England; and his words were written in a running line of illuminated electric letters at the foot of this same sign. A moment later the Premier pressed a lever and the sign itself sprang to light.

These two incidents are typical of the marvel of the modern world, a marvel that has been achieved through the activity of science. Space has been narrowed and time shortened. Not has any of the glamour or excitement or the salt of satisfaction been taken out of living thereby.

The only fly in this lovely amber is, will mankind have sense enough to use these instruments, so potential of constructive well-being or so potential of destructive chaos, to their own happiness and everlasting glory? In the present condition of international political and economic affairs, this is a question that should cause much sincere heart-searching. —Winnipeg Free Press.

Apples In Egypt

Egypt Fourth Largest Consumer Of Canadian Fruit

It appears that centuries were to pass and the pyramids crumble and decay before Egypt, the ever-old and ever-young, knew the delectability of the Canadian apple. Indeed, until two or three years ago Egypt was entirely neglected by Canadian apple growers, but as soon as the Canadian apple became known in Egypt it became the fourth largest consumer of that popular Canadian fruit. The quality of the Canadian apple is supreme, and, had an ancient Pharaoh of All the Egypt been able to introduce it into his realm, that masterstroke would have been a feather in his duplicated hat.

The value of the exports of Canadian apples to Egypt in 1933 touched the high level of \$135,177. This may occasion no surprise to Canadians generally who know their apples, but it is all the more to Canada's credit because as a cold matter of business emphasized by the Canadian Trade Commissioner in Egypt who states in a recent report, "It is difficult to find a reason for the increase during the last season, as the slight improvement in economic conditions in Egypt were not such as to warrant such an increase in apple imports." But quality always tells.

Methods Of Home Canning

The One-Period Cold Pack Meets With Favor

One of the principal methods of home canning is the one-period cold-pack. It is so called because the uncooked or partly cooked food is packed into a jar and covered with some liquid, such as syrup or water, and both jar and its contents are heated simultaneously by boiling water or steam. This method may be used for all fruits and vegetables, and is recommended for home use by the Dominion Department of Agriculture in a bulletin dealing with the various methods of preserving fruits and vegetables in the home. The one-period cold-pack is a very simple process and completely sterilizes, inasmuch as the product is placed in sterilized jars which are closed during the cooking process. In this way the contents of the pack are killed and access by any bacteria from the air and other outside sources is rendered impossible. The appearance of the finished product is superior, as each berry or slice remains intact. There is no crushing, the flavour, colour, and texture retaining their natural condition.

With the announcement of the start of the tree belt in the United States comes a suggestion from many farmers in the dried out areas of Saskatchewan that federal authorities should take under consideration a tree belt plan for the bald part of the prairie.

In this connection Alan Beaven, of the Canadian Forestry Association tree planting car, who has been working in southern Manitoba, and is now going to northwest Saskatchewan and Alberta has discussed the proposal of tree belt with hundreds of farmers both in Manitoba and Saskatchewan and he reports that the project is one the farmers want. It is feasible it can be done as a relief measure and as to details of inauguration and supervision, these should be left to federal authorities.

There are seven excellent reasons why Mr. Beaven for the construction of a tree belt in dried-out Saskatchewan.

These seven reasons are: Cooling effect on atmosphere. Breaking up of damaging winds. Conservation of moisture. Formation of surface moisture. Breeding grounds and homes for insectivorous birds.

Improved conditions for diversification in farming.

Improved living conditions for the people.

Basis for improving conditions, according to Mr. Beaven, lies in the fact that any program should aim not so much to try to change climatic conditions, but to so alter the entire agricultural system to take the greatest advantage of moisture secured, and to break up the disastrous wind sweeps.

Taking periods of time, such as 10 years, moisture and precipitation records and velocity of winds have not changed greatly, but intensive agricultural development has changed their effect on the prairies.

Farming operations, he says, have gone on, until much of the crust has been done away with, the soil turned to the sun, and then the sweeping winds have started soil drifting, or in other words the development of agriculture since prairie settlement has turned the prairie at this time into a potential desert.

As to the cost of the project, Mr. Beaven points out that it would not cost more than outlays for relief on the prairie to date, and that 90 per cent. of the outlay would go direct to the farmer for labor.

Mr. Beaven has observed that certain protected areas around farm homes in dried-out Saskatchewan during the past five years have produced more of necessities and sustenance, than all the rest of the farm.—Regina Leader-Post.

To Winter Livestock

Plans Discussed At Calgary To Care For Cattle During Winter

Plans for the feeding of Western cattle during the winter were discussed at Calgary by a committee appointed by the Dominion Agricultural Credit Company and representatives of the Central Alberta Feeders' Association, the Olds and Southern Alberta Co-operative Association.

Two plans were discussed. One plan proposed feeder cattle be purchased outright from the rancher, the credit company advancing the major portion of the money and the farmer the rest. The other called for the advance of 50 per cent. of the steer value by the credit company to assist the farmer in carrying over his stock until next spring.

A Costly Buttery

A wealthy Scotsman, William MacQueen, is leading a scientific expedition to the wilds of the Ayen territory, skirting Chilean Patagonia. He is striving to get there before an American expedition now hurrying to the same district. Mr. MacQueen is spending \$5,000 on the race because he wants to be the first to discover a new species of butterfly reported in the Ayen region.

The Japanese Idea

The front page of most Japanese morning newspapers is given over to book advertisements. The Japanese figure that as the front page is likely to be sold, they print only advertisements there.

Little Betty, watching the farm hands spreading out a stack of hay to dry, could contain her curiosity no longer, so she politely asked: "Is it a needle you're looking for?"

WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Raymond Poincare, former premier of France, who "saved the franc" in 1925, recently observed his 74th birthday.

The price of flour in London was reduced one shilling per bag of 280 pounds. The new price is 31 shillings and sixpence including the four shillings provided by the Wheat Quota Act.

Premier Mitchell F. Hepburn, of Ontario, declared his government would welcome introduction of unemployment insurance by the Dominion administration.

Ten United States army bombing planes, comprising the Alaska flight squadron, landed at Bolling field, Washington, recently, completing their 10,000 mile round trip to the north.

Kidnapping, not murder, is the most heinous crime of this era, B. K. Sandwell, editor of the Toronto Saturday Night, declared in a recent address.

The discovery of a vegetable fluid which may supersede the use of blood for purposes of transfusions was made known to the delegates of the 26th annual convention of the Vegetable Growers' Association of America at Toronto.

Premier Benito Mussolini is not necessarily unfavorable to restoration of a monarchy in Austria or even over a combined Austria-Hungary, he told Archduke Otto Von Hapsburg in a secret interview recently in Italy.

"We shall not only oppose a recommendation of a 40-hour week as the means for relieving unemployment, but we are firmly opposed to such a system," was the conclusion of an inquiry by the League of British Industries, in a report on the question.

Any Johnson Mollison will be the first woman pilot on the regular cross-country service. She accepted a post as commercial pilot with Imperial Airways, explaining she wants the maximum practice before she enters the London-to-Australia air races with her husband next October.

Prospecting for diamonds will be undertaken for the first time in British Columbia's history. Thomas W. Hindmarsh, and George Ogden, both of Vancouver, B.C. Leases on two 10-acre pieces on the Nechako river, sought by the two men for this purpose, were approved by the provincial cabinet.

Wheat Exports

Total Exports For Past Twelve Months Show Falling Off

Wheat sent to the United Kingdom in July totalled \$2,145,646 bushels of the value of \$6,575,582 compared with 10,372,524 at \$7,861,321 a year ago, the bureau of statistics announced. The total export of wheat to all countries during the past 12 months was 70,000,000 bushels less than in the previous 12 months and to the United Kingdom about 42,000,000 less.

July export of wheat flour to the United Kingdom was 264,555 barrels, valued at \$935,326, compared with 235,044 valued at \$24,972 a year ago. The export to the United Kingdom in the past 12 months was 2,718,114 barrels, valued at \$9,331,958, compared with 2,373,063, valued at \$7,639,050 in the previous 12 months. The export to the United Kingdom is about half of the total export to all countries.

Must Be A Habit

Magistrates Free Man Because Change Carried In Left Pocket

In which trouser pocket does a man carry his change? The question arose in a recent case in a Rhyll, Wales, court. A man accused of stealing a shaving brush from a drug store said he placed it in his right hand while he put his left hand in his pocket for the money. The drugstore then showed him a dealer brush, which he bought. Near home he found he still had the cheaper brush in his right hand and before he could return it the police came. After his testimony the magistrates placed their hands in their trouser pockets. Their money was in their left-hand pockets, and they freed the man.

A new radio typewriter has transmitted a weather map with tabulated weather data in 7½ minutes, as compared with about 15 minutes required by the wire machines now in service.

Milkman—"If you won't pay for your milk, you might at least give back the empty bottles."
Woman—"What do you allow for empty bottles?"

W. N. U. 2061

A Viking's End

C.P.R. Steamship On Pacific Coast To Be Broken Up

An old queen of the coast-seas of British Columbia, with the memories of many mariners upon her decks, had been given a viking's end recently.

The Canadian Pacific Steamships S.S. Princess Royal, already stripped of the fittings that made her a passenger liner, was given a bath of oil and the torch put to her. She was to be a fitting finish as she lay broadside to the beach between Esquimalt lagoon and Albert Head. What is left of her will be broken into scrap and shipped to Japan.

The Princess Royal was built at Esquimalt in 1907, registered 981 tons, and was 228 feet long.

The Canadian Grain Act

Wheat Graded To The Best Marketing Advantage

Among the eight bills affecting agriculture which became law during the 1934 session of the Dominion parliament was an act to amend the Canada Grain Act. The changes in this act place the statutory grades of No. 2 Manitoba Northern wheat on the same basis as No. 1 Northern Hard and No. 1 Manitoba Northern in so far as milling quality is concerned, and also empowers the Western Standard Committee to deal with the different varieties of grain which may be developed from time to time, so that they may be graded to the best marketing advantage without interfering with the quality of the main Canadian standard grades.



By Ruth Rogers



JAUNTY SMARTNESS AND SLIMNESS, TOO

In coat type dress so smart for now and early fall days. To-day's smart pattern shows a new youthful version of the coat dress in slim, straight wrap-around style. A woman rather heavily built could also wear this model. It is a rosewood-brown novelty rayon crepe that looks like woolen. The attractively shaped rever collar and cuffs are white begonia-like. They can be just basted to the dress, so as to be easily removed for cleaning, etc. Black crepe satin would be stunning for this model with effective white satin trim.

Canlon crepe, heavy pebbled crepe, metal threaded novelties to woolen, gay angora woolen, etc., are other lovely materials.

Style No. 542 is designed for sizes 16, 18, 20, 22, 24, 26, 28, 30, 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42 and 44 inches bust. Size 36 requires 3½ yards of 39-inch material with 1½ yards of 39-inch contrasting.

Price of pattern 20 cents in stamps or coin. (Coin is preferred). Wrap coin carefully.

How To Order Patterns

Address: Winnipeg Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. ——— Size ———

Name ———

Address ———

City ———

State ———

Country ———

Little Journeys In Science

INSECTICIDES

(By Gordon H. Guest, M.A.)

Insecticides are classified into poison sprays, or contact poisons, and contact poisons. The former cause death when taken internally, while the latter bring about destruction of life by mere contact. Pyrethrum belongs to the contact class of insecticides. Arsenic compounds are usually found in poison sprays. Fine-divided lead arsenate suspended in water is used extensively and is very effective. Calcium arsenate is much cheaper and more abundant than lead arsenate. It may be used to wage war against the bollworm, which is very destructive to the cotton plant. It is also used to destroy the potato beetle. Aeroplanes are employed to drop the calcium arsenate in the form of a fine dust upon the cotton plant.

Oil emulsions, produced by the addition of fish-oil soaps to oil, are used to a considerable extent. Nicotine, a complex compound found in tobacco, is rapid and effective in the destruction of insects. Lime-sulphur spray is used against scale insects. This is prepared in concentrated form by boiling together water, sulphur, and slaked lime. Prussic acid is used as a fumigant in greenhouses and on nursery stock. It is an extremely poisonous substance.

Many of the poison gases used in the late war have been tested to discover if they might be used in the warfare against insects. One of these, chlorobenzene, is the most promising. Only a few of the more important insecticides have been mentioned. Science is continually developing new destructive agents and more efficient ways of applying them in this everlasting struggle of mankind against insects and fungi.

Crows Foresee Disaster

That crows have a foreboding of disaster was shown recently in Ogmore Vale, Wales. For 90 years crows have built their nests in the branches of a larch tree, 200 years old. Without warning they all moved to another tree. A week later their home tottered in a breeze and fell. After the crash the crows cawed triumphantly.

It takes a wise man to give a woman advantage without incurring her enmity.

"JACK MINER AND RELIGION"

By REV. W. E. McKillop, D.D.

Jack Miner, the Canadian naturalist, lecturer and author, was recently asked to write his religious beliefs. The bird lover paused for a moment and then quietly replied very emphatically:

"I believe in any religion that is for the betterment and uplift of humanity. I belong to the Methodist Church, which is now part of the United Church. I suppose the principal reason for this is when I was but 24 years of age, I was married; my wife belonging to that church. As I belonged to no church then, I felt it my duty to go with her. I firmly believe there would be more happy lives and happy homes if husbands and wives attended the same religious services, whether it be Roman Catholic or Protestant."

Well, you say you believe in any

religion that is for the betterment of humanity, and yet you belong to the United Church. "I believe," replied our author, "every man should belong to some church which gives him one central place of worship and which will cause him to take a more active part in Christianity than he would if he drifted from one church to another. "When you have been away from home every Sunday, I have seen you making your way to various services in different churches, from early Roman Catholic mass to the Jewish Synagogue. Why do you drift around like this?" asked the reporter. "Well," said Jack Miner, "it's an education and keeps a man from becoming too narrow-minded and broadens his spiritual side of life. I always make it a point to try to be home with my family for Sunday

Living In Poverty

But Paul Poirot, Famous Dress Designer, Experts To Stage Comeback Still living in his penthouse apartment in Paris, but dependent for food and clothing upon charity and a 70-cent daily unemployment dole, Paul Poirot is dreaming of a comeback in the dream-making realm he once ruled most of his time with scissors and cloth.

"I spent most of my time with scissors and cloth," he declared firmly, although he has been out of work for months and stands in line with thousands of others to get his card punched and receive his dole.

He does not know how much longer he will be able to keep the penthouse apartment, sole remaining sign of his former great wealth.

Once Poirot's entertainment in his chateaux and his three yachts attracted the aristocracy of the world.

No Camping In Church

St. Paul's Cathedral Puts Ban On Picnics In Pews

Persons wishing to go on picnics will, in future, have to look for camping spots other than the pews of St. Paul's Cathedral, according to an edict issued by church authorities.

"We have in the past been turning a 'blind eye' to many abuses," a cathedral reverend declared. "The other day I found a man in a pew reading a newspaper and smoking a pipe, and when I remonstrated at such action in a house of worship he replied that he had only come in to get out of the rain."

By action of the chapter, however, use of the cathedral for anything but devotion will be prohibited in the future.

May Erect Giant Tower

A giant tower, 6,000 feet high, six times as high as Eiffel Tower, has been proposed as a means of defending Paris, France, against aerial attacks. It would be built of reinforced concrete. Platforms would be provided at various elevations for the launching of aeroplanes and as bases for anti-aircraft artillery.

It's easier for a woman to hold a strong man than her own tongue.

SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

SEPTEMBER 2

Golden text: "He hath showed thee, O man, what is good; and what doth the Lord require of thee, but to do justly, and to love kindness, and to walk humbly with thy God?" Micah 6:8.

Lesson: Micah, chapters 2-4 and 6:1-7-8.

Devotional reading: James 1:22-27.

Explanations And Comments

A Dramatic Scene: God Presents His Indictment of the Faithless People, verses 1-5. The prophet Micah, in a burst of oratorical passion, declares that God will contend, or plead (the figure is that of a contestant in court), with the people before the mountains, as judges. "Hear, O ye mountains, and ye enduring foundations of the earth," the prophet cries; "for Jehovah hath a controversy with his people, and he will contend with Israel." The mountains are spoken of as "enduring," for they have outlived many generations of peoples.

Jehovah now speaks. He is the plaintiff; the prophet is his attorney; the mountains are the judges. "O my people," Jehovah exclaims through his attorney, "what have I done unto thee? and wherein have I wearied thee? testify against me"—show cause for your disobedience. No answer comes, for the lawyer answers that could be made is that the fault lies in the people, not in Jehovah.

The Divine Conception of True Religion, verse 8. To all of this, verses 6, 7, and 8, Micah replies with what is the greatest saying in the Old Testament, which combines the characteristic messages of Amos, Hosea, and Isaiah. The key-note of Amos shall be, as we have seen, is justice; that of Hosea, love; and the characteristic note of Isaiah is the demand for righteousness with obedience to the will of God. "He hath showed thee, O man, what is good (good is here synonymous with obedience to the will of God), and what doth Jehovah require of thee but to do justly, and to love kindness, and to walk humbly with thy God?" With this definition of religion may be compared the last verse of our text from Amos two weeks ago: "Let justice roll down as waters, and righteousness as a mighty stream." Let us read the Golden Text from Hosea: "I desire goodness, not sacrifice; and the knowledge of God more than burnt-offerings; and verses twelve and thirteen of Deuteronomy 10: "And now, Israel, what doth Jehovah thy God require of thee, but to hear Jehovah thy God, to walk in all his ways, and to love him, and to serve Jehovah thy God with thy heart and with all thy soul, to keep the commandments of Jehovah and his statutes?"

Recipes For This Week

(By Betty Barclay)

ORANGE NUT BISCUITS

(Makes 18 medium sized biscuits)

- 2 cups sifted flour
 - 4 teaspoon baking powder
 - 1 teaspoon salt
 - ¼ cup sugar
 - ¼ cup shortening
 - ¼ cup finely chopped nuts
 - 1 egg
 - Orange juice
 - 1 tablespoon orange marmalade.
- Sift dry ingredients together. Cut in shortening. Add nuts. Beat egg; pour into measuring cup; add enough orange juice to make ½ cup. Combine with dry ingredients and add marmalade. Knead a few seconds on slightly floured board. Cut and bake in hot oven (425 degrees F.) for 10 to 15 minutes.
- Note: A little more orange juice will be needed with some flours to make the dough soft.

CARROTS AND PEAS

- 2 cups cubed carrots
- 1 cup cooked peas
- 3 tablespoons butter
- 3 tablespoons flour
- ¼ teaspoon salt
- ¼ teaspoon pepper
- 2 teaspoons sugar.
- 1½ cups milk.

Boil the carrots until tender. Combine with the cooked peas, reheat and serve with melted butter or make a sauce of the flour, butter, milk and seasonings, add the cooked carrots and peas, reheat and serve hot.

Folks Are Generous

Detective Dressed As Mendicant Collected \$40 In Six Days

A Scotland Yard detective disguised himself as an ex-seller selling matches, when he was in search of a "wanted" man. In this disguise he stood on a prominent London sidewalk for six days and eventually secured his man. He also received nearly \$40 from kind-hearted passers-by. Most of the contributors merely passed him a copper or two without bothering to take his matches.

A Scotland Yard detective had ordered the money to be paid into police funds.

Glass domes have been installed on British military aeroplanes to protect machine gunners from wind and increase the accuracy of their firing.

Agricultural Notes

Interesting Items Gleaned From Many Sources

Canada exported 37 live cattle to Hong Kong, China, for dairying purposes during the first three months of 1934.

Hogs graded in Canada during the 32 weeks of 1934 up to August 9, totalled 1,882,717, as against 1,968,461 in the corresponding period of 1933.

The general effect of the customs changes in the Fiji Islands is to increase the margin of preference to imports from Canada and other Empire countries.

There has been more tomato puree, tomato sauce and ketchup, and tomato soup imported into the British Isles from Canada than from any other country during the first six months of 1934.

Reports from Moscow show that there has been considerable difficulty in the Rostov production of harvesting machinery, particularly harvester combines, and this has had an effect on harvesting arrangements.

The total stocks of Canadian wheat in Canada on July 31, 1934, were 193,322,563 bushels—18,417,325 bushels less than the total on the corresponding date in 1933, but 61,870,070 bushels more than on July 31, 1932.

Shipments of livestock from Western to Eastern Canada for the 31 weeks of this year, up to August 2, (1933 figures within brackets) included 48,575 (33,693) cattle, 454 (143) calves, 140,015 (109,375) hogs, and 45,000 (33,945) sheep.

For the first six months of 1934, Canada exported to the London (England) market the following canned fruits: 71,722 cases of pears; 1,385 cases of loganberries; 2,882 cases of peaches, and 40,964 cases of canned apples.

A trial shipment of Ontario apples in hampers made in 1933 to Egypt has been well received. It consisted of Ganos, Baldwin, and Ben Davis, mentioned in order of preference. The Ganos in particular, says the Canadian Trade Commissioner in Egypt, should be able to find an outlet in Egypt so as to meet the demand for red apples.

The meat from which soup has been made becomes rather tasteless, but it still contains a fair amount of nourishment. Therefore, it may be used in hash, meat pies and ragouts, where the flavour of vegetables and seasoning compensates for the lack of meat flavour.—Beef. How to Choose and Cook It. Dominion Department of Agriculture Bulletin.

The Japanese wheat crop of this year is estimated at 44,491,150 bushels. It is considered that the annual consumption of wheat is about 45,000,000 bushels, so that the export plan instituted two years ago by the Japanese government to grow sufficient wheat for domestic purposes seems to be almost attained in the second year of the attempt.

Latest estimates of wool production for the five principal exporting countries (Australia, New Zealand, South Africa, Argentina, and Uruguay) for the 1932-33 season which has just ended (except in South America) point to a net decrease, greasy basis, of nearly 200 million pounds or a per cent comparison with the 1932-33 season.

Open Cans With Claws

Glacier Park Bears Enjoy Everything But Spinach

Glacier Park bears eat anything that comes in cans—anything except spinach—according to Dr. George R. Rulhe, chief naturalist.

P-his found a ranger's cabin that had been broken into. Every can had been opened.

"The bears had eaten everything," he said, "except the spinach."

"To sceptics who doubted the bears' ability to open tin cans, Rulhe explained:

"They just ram a claw through the tin and draw it around the edge—as slick a job as any can opener will do."

Methods of prevention of dry rot of corn in the foothills region of the North Caucasus are being studied by Russian scientists, because of the discovery of the disease after the American variety Ivory King had been introduced to the Caucasus in 1929.

Good Boy—"I ain't feeling so good; kin I have the afternoon off?" Boss—"Why don't you tell me your grandmother is dead?"

Good Boy—"Tim saving her for later in the season."

A European manufacturer is making paper from the refuse ends of saw-sparrows.

EXPORT OF HAY AND STRAW IS UNDER LICENSE

Ottawa.—Confronted with a serious shortage of fodder crops in sections of Canada, the government has utilized powers conferred by the new Marketing Act to license the export of hay and straw. An order-in-council passed under the act required exporters of either hay or straw to obtain licenses for shipments abroad. It also makes transportation companies see that shipments outside Canada are covered by such licenses.

A statement issued from the prime minister's office explained that drought and heat had so affected the Canadian hay and clover crops in sections of Canada that an acute lack of suitable cattle feed was being felt. Both Canada and the United States had found it necessary to take steps to conserve cattle feed. Where surplus areas in Canada were adjacent to deficit areas in the United States, and vice versa, it was intimated, arrangements would be reached for moving feed across the line.

A license will be required for each export shipment, and it may be revoked by the governor-in-council if the licensee fails to comply with any of the terms or conditions stipulated.

"The prolonged drought and heat that have afflicted large areas in Canada and the United States have compelled the two governments to take immediate action to relieve the acute lack of suitable cattle feed that is now apparent and to prevent speculators from exploiting the consumers and producers of fodder crops," the statement says. "The Canadian hay and clover crop, which in the four years 1929-30 averaged over 16,000,000 tons, had fallen to 11,433,000 in 1933; and, for the current year, it is estimated at 9,884,000 tons. This decline in total production is, of course, unequally distributed across the country, being most pronounced in Saskatchewan and southern Alberta.

"It is the policy of the government to see that such local surpluses of fodder crops as exist in accessible parts of Canada, should be made available in the first instance for the relief of conditions in the deficit areas. The action that has been taken under the Marketing Act is designed to facilitate this policy by regulating, under license, exports of these essential feed stuffs."

Atlantic Air Service

Talk Of Plans To Hook Up Canada With Continent

London.—The Daily Herald, Labor newspaper, hints that the visit of Clark Howell, chairman of the federal aviation commission of the United States, to London, was in the interest of establishing a North Atlantic service.

"Possibility that a North Atlantic service run jointly by Imperial Airways and Pan-American Airways is being nearer by the arrival in London of Clark Howell," the paper wrote.

"Planes would land in Canada and service would then continue right through the United States," it explained, adding that Croydon would be the English terminal.

Increase French Fleet

More Ships To Protect Coast Of France From North Sea Attacks

Cherbourg, France.—Reinforcement of the French fleet in the English channel to plug up weaknesses brought to light by naval manoeuvres last May is in progress under orders of Francois Pietri, minister of the navy.

Two battleships, the Provence and the Bretagne, which are being modernized at shipyards in Brest, will be kept at that port. They will be added to the fleet known as the second squadron, the duty of which is to protect the coast of France from attack from the North Sea.

Alert Police Force

Winnipeg.—"The best prevention against the kidnapper is an alert police force with a good record for detection of crime," said Sidney E. Smith, president of the University of Manitoba and nationally known legal authority, discussing methods of combating kidnapping.

Competing Highway

Calgary.—Alberta will spend \$300,000 to complete the trans-Canada highway between Banff, Alta., and the Saskatchewan border giving work to many of the unemployed men now on relief in cities and towns of the province.

Fair Wage Act

B.C. Boys Dismissed When Minimum Wage Law Becomes Effective

Victoria.—Many British Columbia youths aged 20 and 21 and with several years' experience in their work, have received only \$5 or \$6 per week but have now been discharged by their employers because of the province's new mercantile minimum wage of \$12.75 per week for such labor, Hon. George S. Pearson, minister of labor, reported.

The minister publicly requested all youths so discharged to communicate with him and he said he had received reports from more than 60. In turn, he has written to the firms involved and has asked them to reconsider the dismissals, stating that they are big enough to take part in reconstruction of the wage system in the mercantile industry without hurting themselves.

"This is a thing which needs co-operative effort," he said.

"We have no desire to prevent any firm from doing business and we want to feel that everybody is working together to raise the wage standard back to a level permitting decent living conditions."

Twenty per cent. of the 50 youths who submitted their cases were with one firm, the minister said.

Want Regulations Altered

Cattle Shippers Cannot Afford Stop-over On Bay Route

Prince Albert.—Immediate alteration in regulations that at present interrupt the direct shipment of cattle to Churchill was urged here by leading livestock producers of Saskatchewan and Alberta.

W. E. Cutt, manager, of the Saskatchewan Livestock Pool, and Jack Byers, manager of Western Stock Growers, Calgary, were emphatic in declaring Churchill would suffer unless arrangements which force a stop-over at Hudson Bay Junction for feeding are changed.

"Shippers cannot afford to stop over on a run of only 760 miles," Mr. Cutt stated. Direct runs of 40 hours were not uncommon in the overland journey from Calgary to Montreal, he said, and travelling time to the northern port was only 38 hours, including a stop of more than an hour at Melior.

They were enthusiastic over the possibilities of the port should regulations be changed, and declared treatment at the hands of officials was also of the best.

Regulate Hay Exports

Shortage Of Hay And Straw In West May Make This Necessary

Ottawa.—Because of the shortage of hay and straw in many parts of Canada, particularly the West, the government will take steps to regulate exports by license, it was learned here unofficially.

The situation in the prairie provinces, and in the Maritimes to a lesser extent, is pressing, according to representations to the government. Regulation of these exports by licensing would be to protect the farmers from speculators.

Burnt-out areas in the United States are badly in need of hay and that country contemplates taking on the \$5 a ton duty for the entry of Canadian hay.

Canada And Naval Defence

Should Defend Pacific Coast With Own Navy

Montreal.—"Canada should defend the Pacific coast with her own navy and let the British navy police the Atlantic," according to the suggestion of Sir Reginald York Tyrrhitt, admiral of the British fleet, who sailed aboard the liner Montcalm.

"Perhaps we cannot expect you to protect both coasts," said the admiral, "but you might protect one with your own navy. You could leave the Atlantic coast for us to look after, while perhaps you could look after the Pacific yourselves."

Precious Metal Salvaged

Silver From Sunken Steamer Egypt Taken To England

London.—Carrying gold and silver bars worth nearly \$1,000,000, the Italian salvage vessel Artiglio tied up in Plymouth.

The precious metal is part of the cargo of the steamer Egypt, sunk off Ushant 14 years ago while carrying \$5,000,000 in bullion. Four millions were recovered during the past two years, but this year the work was much more difficult, as the vessel had settled deep into the ocean bed.

The cargo brought in by the Artiglio was obtained after two months of hard work.

Road To Jasper

Work On Edmonton To Jasper Highway To Be Started Soon

Edmonton.—Completion of graveling the Edmonton-Jasper highway by the provincial government will start at an early date and operations will commence on the stretches of the road immediately east of Jasper national park headquarters and west of Edson. Hon. J. J. MacLellan, minister of public works, reported on his return from an inspection trip over the highway. When completed this will give an all-weather road between Edmonton and Jasper. Work is being undertaken following an announcement of a federal loan of \$125,000 for the purpose.

Returned For Revision

Plans For Proposed Bridge At Vancouver Sent Back

Ottawa.—Plans for the proposed first narrow bridge at the entrance of Vancouver harbor have been sent back to the designers with a request the location of certain piers be changed so as to provide for a larger main span. This action was taken after a sub-committee of the cabinet listened to views of opposing interests in the matter of the width and height of the main span of the proposed bridge.

RELIEF COSTS ARE SAID TO BE ON THE DECLINE

Montreal.—The number of people in Canada receiving direct relief at the end of July showed a considerable decline, the total being 990,098, says the Gazette in a special despatch from its Ottawa correspondent.

The despatch continues:

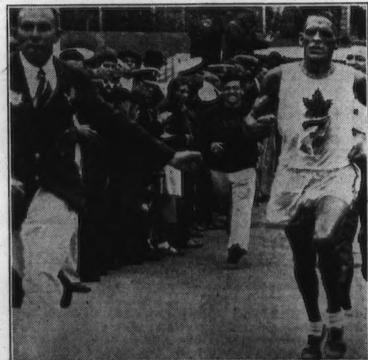
This total was divided amongst the nine provinces as follows: Ontario, 300,000; Quebec, 285,000; Saskatchewan, 180,260; British Columbia, 88,300; Manitoba, 56,800; Alberta, 47,350; Nova Scotia, 23,100; New Brunswick, 9,300; Prince Edward Island, 388.

Important decreases in the number on relief were shown by the provinces of British Columbia, Alberta, and Manitoba, while Saskatchewan, due to the desperate conditions created by the prolonged drought, showed an increase. The decline in British Columbia is attributable largely to the industrial recovery enjoyed there, both mining and lumbering showing notable advances. A slight improvement in general conditions and the absorption of many men by harvesting operations explains the drop in the number of relief recipients in Alberta and Manitoba.

In May, 1932, the total number receiving direct relief aid in British Columbia was 64,262. In March, 1933, it reached the peak figure of 109,949, or nearly 16 per cent. of the total population. Six months later it dropped back to 80,885, but it jumped up to 105,090 in April of the present year. By the end of July it had fallen again to 88,100.

Saskatchewan's figure in May, 1932, was 156,738, but for some reason it fell to 40,000 in September of that year, and then jumped to 143,000 in March, 1933. Then came another drop to 40,000 in August of that year. The peak for that province was reached in February this year, the total then being 226,338, or 25 per cent. of the population.

CANADIAN WINS MARATHON FROM EMPIRE'S BEST



H. Webster, of Hamilton, Ont., winner of the Men's Marathon at the British Empire games, entering the Stadium at the White City, London, for the last spurt of the long grind. D. McV. Robertson of Scotland finished second.

KIDNAPERS INVADE CANADA



John S. Labatt, president of the Labatt Brewing Company of London, Ont., who was "matched" by kidnappers between Sarnia and London and was held for \$150,000 ransom.

Work For The Empire

Co-operation Would Lead The World To Peace And Stability

Vancouver.—A British commonwealth, solving its own problems through co-operation and leading the world to peace and economic stability, was pictured at Vancouver Canadian Club luncheon in an address by Baron Thomas James Chesbire Tomlin, member of the privy council.

"So much too hope that this spirit of helpfulness and co-operation will spring up in the empire and flourish as a flower in a field of stubble," he asked. "Through it we may attain the highest measure of common good and teach the world our problem. Let us make our future as glorious as our past."

Lord Tomlin thought the world was suffering from chronic indigestion from over-production and too hasty consumption of new inventions. He reminded his audience he knew something about inventions for he had been chairman of the royal commission on awards to inventors.

Lord Tomlin paid a tribute to the United Empire Loyalists and expressed the hope that their spirit of co-operation would live in Canada to assist the Dominion in working out its problems.

U.S. Builds New Ships

Twenty-Four Fighting Ships Are On The Program

Washington.—The United States navy department have let contracts for the construction of 24 fighting vessels. Eleven of the ships will be built by private shipbuilding firms and 13 by navy yards. Estimated cost of the ships was not made public.

The ships contracted for will include two 16,000-ton six-inch gun cruisers, two 1,550-ton destroyer leaders, four 1,500-ton destroyers and three submarines of around 1,300 tons each to be constructed by private shipbuilders. Navy yards will build two 10,000-ton cruisers, one with eight and the other with six inch guns. These yards also will construct four undersize craft and seven light destroyers.

Huge Indian Dam Opened

Madras, India.—The gigantic Mettur dam, which is to fertilize 1,000,000 acres of land, was opened by Governor Sir George Stanley. With a cubic content of 54,000,000 feet the dam embodies the largest single block of masonry in the world, and also contains a "waterfall" of 95 feet over a width of 630 feet.

Ransom Payment Illegal

Claimed It Is Contrary To Law To Pay Kidnap Ransom Money

Toronto.—Payment of kidnap ransom or blackmail demands is illegal in Canada, Attorney-General Arthur W. Roebuck said here. Though the criminal code does not cover payment of ransom specifically, a clause making it an indictable offence to "willfully obstruct, pervert or defeat the course of justice" may apply, he said.

Stating that in the absence of alteration by Canadian legislation the English common law applies in Canada, the attorney-general quoted two English legal authorities to show the payment of money in such a case is regarded in England as "aiding and abetting" a crime.

"So long as the people of Canada are prepared to pay blackmail we are not likely to get rid of the racketeer," he added.

Years Of Isolation

Russian Colonists Were Ice-Bound For Five Years

Moscow.—Forty-four Russian colonists, ice-bound for five years on lonely Wrangel Island in northern Siberian waters, were reached by a group of Soviet scientists on the ice-breaker Krasin, according to word reaching here.

Their lonely years of isolation were prolonged when the island last year, when the Cheljuskin sailed for Wrangel Island. But that expedition sank, while its 102 passengers were rescued by aeroplanes after months on an ice floe north of the Behring Straits.

Wireless messages reaching here described the uncontrollable enthusiasm with which the colonists greeted the relief party.

Post Office Efficiency

Letter With Only Street Name Delivered Safely

Calgary.—"Third Avenue, West, Canada," was the address placed on a letter mailed in London, England, some time ago and it has reached its correct destination. The envelope also bore the name of the addressee.

It landed from the Old Country at Montreal where postal officials were puzzled but marked "try Verdun." Verdun, Lachine and Ville St. Pierre successively reported the letter was not for them so it was sent on to Ottawa.

A postal official at Ottawa knew of the 1,500-word document dealing with the world wheat problem, which will be submitted to the 21 interested governments, appeared almost on the eve of the final session of the international wheat conference.

While a high authority said the conference will be urged to publish the document, an overwhelming opposition to the proposal was uncovered by a canvass of the various delegates.

MAY PUT BAN ON PUBLICATION OF WHEAT REPORT

London.—Chances of publication of the 1,500-word document dealing with the world wheat problem, which will be submitted to the 21 interested governments, appeared almost on the eve of the final session of the international wheat conference.

While a high authority said the conference will be urged to publish the document, an overwhelming opposition to the proposal was uncovered by a canvass of the various delegates.

Argentine and Russian delegates strongly favor revealing the contents of the closely guarded document, but Canada, United States and Australian delegations are opposed, and most of the Europeans present favor the latter group.

Knowledge that influential interests in England, the United States and other countries, which bitterly oppose further government control, would bring strong pressure to bear if the present proposals were published was given as the chief reason for secrecy. Conference sessions have been behind closed doors.

The document which will go to the government, it was learned, however, contains proposals for a flexible quarterly export quota agreement as well as for continuation of the annual quota method used during the crop year ended July 31, 1934.

The quotas would be allotted from an estimated world demand of 600,000,000 bushels, but upward of 600,000,000 would be held "in reserve" for distribution during the year if changed conditions warrant such action.

It was understood, too, the document contains proposals for continued reduction in acreage and for extension of the world wheat pact beyond its expiration date, Aug. 1, 1935.

WILL CONSIDER FIVE CHANGES IN WHEAT PACT

London.—Five important amendments to the London wheat agreement of 1933 will be considered by the world wheat advisory commission when it meets again in Budapest, Hungary, on November 20.

The conference adjourned its London meeting until that date, having failed for the time being at least in its two main objectives—settling new international export quotas for the current crop year, and getting agreement on further acreage reduction.

The proposed amendments, which in the interval will be submitted to the 21 countries signatory to the wheat pact for their consideration, make radical changes in the export quota system which ruled during the last crop year, ending July 31.

The amendments embody three changes:

- (1) Proposed extension of the world wheat agreement from July 31, 1935, to July 31, 1937.
- (2) Provision for continuance of efforts to adjust wheat production to demand, and to adjust distribution of surplus stocks.
- (3) Establish principles on which the quotas for principal exporters are to be adjusted from time to time.

(4) Subdivision of the crop year quotas into quarterly periods.

(5) Creation of a system of quota reserves designed to meet contingencies, such as a bumper crop in any one nation.

In view of the proposed changes in the agreement, the world conference concluded its work in London without any attempt to fix quotas for the present crop year.

The estimated world import demand remains at 600,000,000 bushels, according to the conference, but how this is to be allocated among the exporting countries remains for the Budapest meeting to decide.

The world conference goes to Budapest at the invitation of the Royal Hungarian government. Hungary is one of the principal nations in the Danubian exporting block.

Representatives of the big four exporters—Canada, Australia, the United States and the Argentine—are expected to confer among themselves before November in an effort to decide export quota allotments.

Thereafter quotas for lesser exporters, such as Russia and the Danubian countries, would be fixed.

Selling Wheat Holdings

Statistics Show Amount Held In Storage Is Dropping

Ottawa.—Canada is selling its big wheat holdings, it is shown by the Dominion bureau of statistics. In the week ending August 17, internal wheat holdings dropped from 157,231,597 bushels to 135,128,967, a reduction of 2,107,930. At the same time Canadian wheat in American elevators amounted to 10,386,124 bushels, compared to 5,262,942 last year.

United States wheat in Canada was placed at the negligible figure of two bushels, compared with 3,700,660 bushels last year.

In transit, wheat on the lakes amounted to 1,851,631 bushels, compared with 4,098,415 bushels for the previous week and 3,239,639 bushels for the corresponding week in 1933.

Fisher Body Contest

Western Youths Win \$5,000 Scholarships

Chicago.—Two of the six major scholarships awarded for competitions held by the Fisher Body Craftsmen's Guild went to Canadian youths, it was announced at the international convention of the guild.

The major awards are valued at \$5,000 and the Canadian boys winning were J. Ross Farquharson, 20, of Vancouver (1909 Trafalgar street), and Harold Rasmussen, 15, of Regina (2251 Winnipeg street).

Six other scholarships awarded for miniature coaches of superb workmanship to Canadians included: Lawrence Drebert, Edmonton, \$1,000, senior, and Vernon M. Parish, Medicine Hat, Alta., \$500, senior.

Will Pay War Debt

Cape Town, South Africa.—The Union of South Africa will pay the entire balance of its war debt to Great Britain, amounting to \$40,000,000, at the end of August. Negotiations have been proceeding for some weeks and arrangements are now being made with the British treasury to redeem the loan.

Farmers Must Prosper

Trade Will Revive When They Get Fair Price For Products

Economists realize that unless the primary producers get reasonable returns for their labors and investments prosperity will linger. The farmer, for example, has nothing to do with fixing the prices for his own products. When he goes into a store he is told that a suit of clothes cost so much or a pound of bacon so many cents; but when he tries to sell any of his own produce, he discovers that he must take what he is offered for the wool for the suit or the hogs from which the bacon is taken.

The Niagara Falls Review the other day pointed to the case of an Ontario farmer who sent seven hundred pounds of hogs to market and got enough out of the transaction to purchase one pound of bacon. Obviously the farmer cannot continue doing that sort of thing. All of which is brought to mind by a paragraph in the annual report of the Ontario Vegetable Growers' Association. It is pointed out that: "Seventy per cent. of the world's population is agricultural. Seventy per cent. of the customers of the world's industry are agriculturists. Broadly speaking, all the farmers of the world are in the same box. Whence will come this much-moaned trade revival from an impoverished agriculture? Apparently, the thirty per cent. of the world's population that is industrial—and incidentally a large percentage of those are at present unemployed and on relief, are going to have a real revival amongst themselves? We extend our best wishes, but are of the opinion that the party will only be of short duration. The revival will come when seventy per cent. of the world's population of the world, cease producing at a loss and have a surplus with which to buy from the industrial thirty per cent." Surely this is not an illogical position.—Brookville Recorder and Times.

Harvested Apples Alive

Changes Take Place During Time They Are Stored

When an apple is picked, it is a living thing and there are constant and gradual changes going on throughout its storage life. The speed of these changes is largely governed by the temperature and humidity at which the fruit is stored. A freshly harvested apple contains sugars and starch among other things. The starch is converted to sugars first, sometimes to a reducing sugar and sometimes part of it is changed to sucrose or cane sugar. Then the sucrose is gradually used up and turned into reducing sugars and acid. When the starch and sucrose have practically disappeared the apple begins to lose its quality and becomes what is ordinarily called "over-ripe". The length of time taken by these changes varies in different varieties. It is a variable characteristic, not solely related to the actual amount of these materials in the fruit, for there are several fall varieties which have higher sugar content than many winter varieties. However, it has been found in the laboratories of the Dominion Department of Agriculture that, all other things being equal, the fruit with the highest total sugar content has the best keeping quality of the samples of that variety.

Pleasant People

Possess A Magic Which Makes Them Always Welcome

Pleasant people make a dull day cheerful; they have somewhat of the same effect in a room as an open fire or a bouquet of flowers; they make us feel for the time as if everybody were pleasant because they are. We cannot always explain why they are so pleasant. They may not be beautiful—they are often plain; they are not always the wittiest; but they possess a magic superior to all these which dwarfs the wit and cleverness of others, and makes these of small value beside their own attractiveness.

In Right Direction

"I am a soldier of the Lord," said the Salvation Army officer to an old Highland soldier, who asked him what his regiment was.

"I go to Inverness to fight the Devil; thence to Aberdeen to fight him again, and then down to Dundee, Edinburgh and Newcastle."

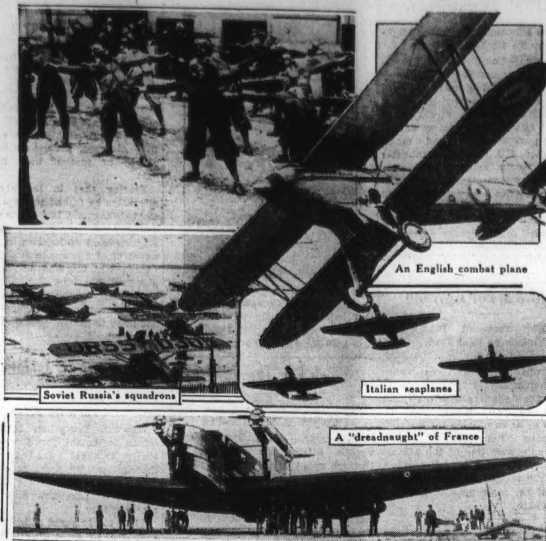
The soldier struggled to his feet and gave the officer a resounding clap on the back. "That's right, man," he said. "Keep on heading the blighter South."

Client: "I am deeply indebted to you, Mr. Attorney, what would I have done without you?"

Lawyer: "About five years."

W. N. U. 2061

EUROPE SPENDS HEAVILY IN BUILDING AIR FORCES



Soviet Russia's squadrons

An English combat plane

Italian seaplanes

A "dreadnaught" of France

Europe has turned to the air with feverish interest and each nation is pouring out millions to build up powerful military aviation fleets. Since the rise to power of General Hermann Goering, Germany's minister of air, the Nazi regime has quadrupled its expenditures for "civil" aircraft, and many schools for flying have been established. England has appropriated almost \$100,000,000 to double her airplane squadrons, and acting Prime Minister Stanley Baldwin states the new boundary of England, because of the air, is now the Rhine. France, Italy, Russia and the smaller countries also possess powerful aviation corps, and each is planning even stronger forces in the air to keep its defensive power on a par with neighboring nations.

Just Taking A Chance

Story Of Man Trying To Suit Clothes To Weather

You wake up shivering slightly, and your wife remarks that it seems pretty cold for August. You feel very Decemberly standing in the bathroom shaving, and at once the problem of what clothes to wear comes up.

This is your day for the linen suit, but you're a little afraid to put it on; it might be cold. You decide that tweeds would be just about right, and you start putting on tweeds.

You remember that the last time it was cold in the morning, and you donned tweeds it turned blistering before noon, and you disengaged all day. You stick your head out the window to see how cold it really is, and a pretty girl across the street looks up and smiles. You recollect that your shirt is not buttoned, and draw back hastily.

Your wife calls out that the weather forecaster predicts fair and continued cool. You think that may be the flannel suit would be cool enough for a hot day, yet warm enough if it stays cool. You look for your flannel suit, and find it at the cleaner's.

You mutter oh, what's the use. You decide that the weather forecaster is wrong most of the time, anyway, and you put on your linen. Your wife remarks that linen is too cool for to-day, and that settles it. You keep them on.

It stays cool all day, until 5 o'clock, when it becomes downright cool. You are annoyed because people insist on staring at you in your linen on the way home. You almost run the last few sidewalks, duck quickly into the house.—New York Post.

Invents Lighted Blackjack

Efficient London "Bobbie" Also Arranges For Spare Bulb

Ever efficient, London's "bobbies" are soon to make it possible for a person to be scientifically clubbed over the head with a truncheon at night, this feat to be accompanied by a newly-invented combination blackjack and flashlight.

It was conceived in the inventive brain of Sergeant Elliot Tucker of the metropolitan police force, and the proud inventor demonstrated his brain-child before officials at the Savoy hotel.

A spare light bulb is carried in the handle of the instrument "in case," the sergeant explains, "the other one should be brought banging an unusually hard skull."

"I want some hot popped butt—that is, corn buttered pop corn—that, corn buttered pop corn, rather hot, cuttured pop corn. I mean, oh, well, gimme some peanuts."

The largest merry-go-round factory in the world is located at Coney Island, New York. Its products are shipped to Japan, South Africa, Australia and elsewhere.

Beneficial To Eyes

Normal Tears Are Often Better Than Any Medicine

Normal tears are "hundreds of times" more effective in protecting the eye than are solutions of drugs. This statement is made by a leading American Ophthalmologist, Dr. W. L. Benedict. "Tears," Dr. Benedict says, "are supplied in amounts that are properly regulated, and they counteract the effect of most air-borne bacteria." Because the general public has learned that many eye lotions are put up in a solution of boric acid, the better-informed immediately turn to it as the one safe substance that can be used for any disorder of the eye. "The powerful properties of boric acid are infinitesimal," Dr. Benedict declares. "It is used chiefly by physicians as a vehicle to carry small quantities of more potent drugs; because it retards the growth of fungi or contaminating bacteria, it forms a convenient way to dispense medicines for the eye. The faith our grandmothers had in goat's milk, snake oil, or tobacco juice has been largely dissipated. But the price the public had to pay for its experience has been the loss of sight for thousands of people."

Invents Metal Mirror

Will Solve One Of Television's Problems Is Claim

A tiny metal mirror, mounted on a slender rod and vibrated at scanning speeds has been presented by William H. Priesa, New York radio engineer, as what he considers the solution of one of television's major problems.

With this device and its light source, Priesa says, he will be able to reproduce television images on a screen 2½ feet square, approximately equal to the quality of home moving pictures.

First Mention Of Spoons

Reference To One Of Oldest Utensils Found In Bible

Of all the articles and utensils that are used in the modern house, hold there is none which can be traced to earlier beginnings than the spoon, says a writer in the Washington Post. Besides having a fascinating history, a spoon is one of the loveliest most graceful pieces used on the table. Going back to its origin, the first reference made to spoons is in the Bible, where Moses was commanded to make gold spoons for the tabernacle. During medieval times spoons were made of silver, horn or wood. Even though England is so closely associated with lovely silver designs, it was on the continent that silver spoons were used first. . . . The silver spoons became popular in England, about the time of the Tudor and Stuart reigns it became fashionable to give apostle spoons as christening gifts. They were called apostle spoons because of the figure of an apostle at the end of the spoon. A complete set of these was very valuable and were owned only by the wealthy families. This gave rise to the saying of "being born with a silver spoon in his mouth."

A Snappy Orchestra

Two Members Over Seventy And Two Past Eighty

Hiram Bailey and his snappy orchestra have summer visitors at Greenfield, New Hampshire, guessing. As strangers listen outside the dance hall to the lively strains from within their mental picture of the musicians is anything but accurate.

Hiram is 84. Others in the band are Fred Warren, 78; Will Bryant, 80; and John Draper, a 70-year-old youngster just coming along.

One Of The Best Of Cocktails

Tomato Cocktail Is Enjoying A Wide Popularity

The return once more of the tomato season is a reminder that during the past year wherever Canadian products were shown at the various exhibitions around the British Isles, it was the Canadian tomato cocktail that took the country by storm. Not only is the tomato an outstanding thirst quencher but research has shown that the tomato assists in the assimilation of heavier foods and increases resistance to colds, pneumonia, and such like ills.

The tomato is particularly helpful in promoting the normal growth of children. However, that may be, the Canadian tomato cocktail sprang into popularity of its own volition, both on account of the simplicity of its manufacture and its enticing flavour. The tomato cocktail is made from tomato juice with small amounts of mild spices added according to taste, such as cloves, allspice, cinnamon, and red pepper supplemented by the required amounts of salt and sugar.

To make the juice, the tomatoes should be slightly pulped with potato masher, placed in a covered kettle, and allowed to heat on the stove until almost boiling. After the pulp has reached the boiling point, it is ready to be passed through a sieve to remove the skin and seeds. It is imperative that no time be lost in the operation because exposure to air will cause a loss of the nutritive value of the juice. The juice after straining should be returned to the kettle and be brought again just to boiling when it is filled into bottles or sealers which have been kept hot. The sealed bottles are then placed in boiling water for a few minutes—2 minutes for small bottles and 4 or 5 minutes for larger ones.

Put up by the cold pack method are ideal for making juice during the winter months. For this purpose, place the tomatoes solidly in clean cans or wide-mouthed jars, add 2 level teaspoons of salt, partly seal the containers, and immerse in warm water. Bring the water to boiling point and keep it so for 25 minutes. Remove the containers from the water, completely seal, and allow to cool.

Stimulates Milk Production

Experiments With Hormones Expected To Bring Results

New experiments with a gland secretion which stimulates milk production by young cattle, and may do the same thing for human mothers, are being undertaken by the agricultural department.

Injection of the secretion—a hormone—improves on nature by stimulating production of milk in animals that have never borne young as well as in those that have.

Hormones are chemical substances carried through the body in the blood stream and necessary to stimulate various organs to normal activity. A large percentage of human mothers now are unable to produce enough milk to nourish a baby. Further development of this milk-producing hormone may make it possible to use it as a stimulant of milk production so that such mothers can nurse their children normally, said Everett I. Evans, of the bureau of dairy industry, who reported on the experiments.

Extinct Animals

Trustee Of British Museum Is Afraid Gorillas And Whales Will Be Added To List

Possibility gorillas and whales would be added in a few years to the growing list of extinct mammals was seen by Rt. Hon. A. L. Fisher, warden of New College, Oxford, England, and trustee of the British Museum. Mr. Fisher was in Murray Bay for a short visit before leaving for Gaspé to attend the Jacques Cartier quarter-centennial celebrations as one of the official British delegates.

Mr. Fisher was minister of education in Lloyd George's war-time cabinet and is now a member of the governing body of the Museum of Natural History which is occupied in endeavoring to protect whales and gorillas from extinction at the hands of whalers and hunters.

"Unless we are careful," Mr. Fisher said, "there will not be a gorilla or a whale left in the world in a few years."

Has No Practical Value

No apparatus yet developed by man is of any practical value in starting or stopping rain. Electrical devices, sprinkling the clouds with dry ice, starting large fires, and setting off loud explosions, among the other rainmaking schemes suggested, either do not work or cost too much for practical use.

Saskatchewan Oasis

Beauty Spot In Drouth Area

Four miles west of Willow Bunch, Sask., just off the highway leading into St. Victor, is the site of an abandoned coal mine.

The mine became unproductive and settlers, years ago, moved into the vicinity. They discovered springs of pure, clear water flowing up from underground sources and in the intervening years have turned the old coal mine site into an oasis that, today, is an outstanding beauty spot in the centre of the south's worst dried-out area.

The place is a home, a garden and a picnic grounds and belongs to two pioneer owners, thirty men of the old cow-puncher days, C. Champigny and A. Dauphinais.

The latest methods of irrigation and culture have been applied and, for a reward, the two pioneers have one of the beauty spots of the west. Landscaped in the centre of a 40-acre bluff, the garden produces fruit and vegetables and flowers in great abundance.

The project was made a success not without hard work. The land was cleared in parts, of trees and stumps and stored a vast amount of work was done to grade and level the plot; fertilizer was worked into the soil.

Flowing springs were harnessed, so that the 25,000-gallon-a-day water supply would do its best work and in the proper way.

Every inch of the two and a half acres is irrigated by the scientific use of the spring water. From the ground grow native shrubs, flowers, water melons, beans and sugar beets. Melons of all kinds, musk, Banna, French melon; dill, cucumbers, tomatoes. Then there is every kind of flower imaginable and almost every variety of vegetable one could desire.

The yield of cucumbers this season the owners estimate at one and one-half tons. Tomatoes will equal 14,000 pounds.

To this Saskatchewan oasis—a breath of green and a touch of fertility in a wind-swept district—come many people to marvel at the wonders of growth and the abundance of produce, made possible by the perseverance and skill of two men.

Not without results, their years of strenuous toil and their application to the needs of the land, have brought about an example of what may be done with irrigation and the proper application of working principles.

To the hundreds of families in many of the dry areas, the two agrarians have made possible the obtaining of fresh garden produce and have set an example and taught a lesson in successful garden farming in the drought area.

Friends Of Gardener

Many Types Of Insects Are Of Great Help

All garden insects are not injurious. In fact many of them are beneficial, continually doing good by destroying those species which are harmful. Foremost among the insects that help the gardener are the different kinds of ladybird beetles. Both in their larval and adult stages, they feed almost exclusively upon plant lice and scale insects. Another kind of beetle, the grey ground beetle, is a particularly useful insect. This beetle, the garden ground beetle, which is called the cut worm lion, destroy enormous numbers of cut worms. The beetle is brownish-black, with the wing-cases spotted with coppery red—hence its name. The large harpula beetle, which is very common, destroys cut worms. The different kinds of lace-wing, and other two and four winged parasitic flies are also friends of the gardener.

Editor Was In A Bad Way

He Was Going To Need A Lot Of Things If His Subscribers Did Not Pay Up

It is reported that one of the fastidious newly-married ladies of this town knelt before her husband, the editor of this paper needs bread with his shoes on, he needs bread with his pants on, and unless some of the delinquent subscribers to this "Old Rag of Freedom" pony up before long he will need bread without a darn thing on, and Wisconsin is "Garden of Eden in the winter."—Niles Messenger (U.S.)

Amant was the giant slain by the legendary Guy of Warwick in the Holy Land.

On the average men are five inches taller about 30 pounds heavier than women.

FANCIFUL FABLES



© 1914

© 1914 King Features Syndicate, Inc. All Rights Reserved

© 1914

Boys Girls

Here's a PAINTING BOOK FREE for the asking!

And a chance to WIN one of the many fine prizes!

You are just going to love the Painting Book prepared for you by the makers of Keen's Mustard... pages of dandy pictures that you can colour with your own paints or crayons!

Tell Mother you are going to the store to get a KEEN'S GIFT BOOK!

Get your copy right away, for your dealer has only a limited number for free distribution, and don't wait 'TODAY' to miss out on this gift. You, too, will say "It's Keen as Mustard!"

And maybe you will win a fine prize—in money, a bicycle, roller skates or a pin-pong set, baseball, bats or dolls or doll's costume, etc. Wouldn't that be grand?

Remember, you don't have to buy anything to get this book, though when you tell Mother she will probably want you to bring a tin of KEEN'S MUSTARD with you. So get your copy right away! Start painting and show folks what a swell artist you are.

If you cannot get the book from your dealer, write to us for it, enclosing 10¢ to cover cost of mailing and packing. Address: 1000 Avenue St., Montreal, P.Q.

KEEN'S

D.S.F. Mustard

OCCASIONAL WIFE

By EDNA ROBB WEBSTER
Author of "Joretta," "Lipstick Girl" Etc.

SYNOPSIS

Camilla Hoyt and Peter Anson, young and in love, marry secretly, deciding to live their own lives apart until Peter is able to provide for her. Peter is a young, struggling sculptor trying to win a competition for scholarship abroad and Camilla is the adopted daughter of a wealthy family. She is not to inherit money when she comes of age and so is studying commercial art in the hope of landing an agency job. Others in the story are Avis Werth, another wealthy girl who is trying to win Peter, Sylvia Todd, Peter's model, and Gus Matson, his former roommate with whom he has quarrelled. After a party at an exclusive club, when the rest of the members of the party go to a cabaret to continue the gaiety, Peter and Camilla slip off to the beach by themselves and fall asleep on the sand. When they awake it is early morning and Avis and another boy are standing near them. This makes it necessary for Camilla to announce before the party that she and Peter are married. Camilla urges Peter to accept some of her earnings to help him along, but Peter refuses and they quarrel. After Camilla has gone back to the studio for quiet and to think, Peter and Avis follow later, and as the lights are turned on, see the statue has been shattered to pieces. Avis accuses Camilla of doing this, and Camilla, stunned by the disaster, is hurt and horrified by the accusation, faints.

At Camilla's suggestion, Peter enters as his exhibit a statue he had captured especially for her as a wedding gift. They named it "Land of Hope."

Camilla's advertising campaign and Tiny Tots broadcast was a great success, and Mr. Hoyt expressed his pleasure and surprise on learning that Camilla was the author and artist who was so ably stimulating business for his company.

Peter's exhibit was awarded the Paris scholarship, and he prepares for his journey to France. After the ship's departure from New York, he is on his way to his cabin when he meets Avis Werth.

(Now Go On With The Story)

CHAPTER LVIII.

It was in such a mood, when Peter had been exceptionally gentle and solicitous during the evening, that Avis ventured upon a long-dropped subject while they smoked and talked in a secluded corner of the restaurant. He had not mentioned Camilla's name in her presence that day, and she risked the remark

"Blue" Spells

Reduce some women to the petulant shadow of their own smiling faces. Others take the Vegetable Compound when they feel the "blues" coming on. It steadies quivering nerves—relieves tension—the general health—gives them more pep... more cheer.

LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND

W. N. U. 2081

are in love with some man who doesn't—reciprocate?"

She nodded silently her head resting against the back of the chair and her half-open eyes watching him covertly.

"I'd say he was all kinds of a sap not to wake up and find himself," Peter declared forcefully, then sighed deeply. "Gosh, this love business is a wild, untamed thing, anyway. Why do people select their life partners by impulse and emotion instead of by practical reasoning as we venture into any other kind of business?"

"Because there is no getting away from love, I guess," pensively.

"Well, what is it, then? How do we recognize it when we do find it? Why isn't it complete for us?"

"Why, Peter, you talk as if you never had been in love!"

"Why?" tersely.

"Because you would know the answers to all those questions."

Silence then "Well, I don't." He could not escape from that strangling sensation which Avis' revelation about Camilla had given him. The thought that she, his precious Camilla, would so betray and humiliate him at the very climax of his ambitious efforts tortured him like the closing of a garrote around his neck. He might have doubted her guilt, but Avis had told him so simply and as if unaware that she was betraying the other's confidence in her. No, it was true enough; but the more he revolved the thing in his mind, the more confused and hurt and angry he became.

He brooded in silence for awhile, into which Avis did not intrude. Finally, he arose impatiently as if the inertia of sitting quietly was no longer to be endured. "Should you like to go in?" he asked tensely. "I'm not to go of a companion this evening. This thing has got me—about Camilla. I hope you understand that I'm not—"

"Of course," she interrupted kindly. "I'm only so sorry that I mentioned it, Peter."

"I'm glad—mightily glad to know it," he contradicted. "More than anything else, I hate deceit. It helps a lot to know just how things stand."

"Well, don't you do anything rash—like jumping overboard."

"Not on your life. I think I have discovered one more thing tonight—that love isn't worth all the suffering we take with it."

"Oh, Peter, dear don't be cynical," Avis pleaded.

"I'm not. Only being sensible."

She laughed softly "You are much too romantic to renounce love. Get a hold of yourself, please. Good night, Peter."

He smiled down at her with a new tenderness. "Good night, little pal."

She carried away with her the light in his eyes, hugging it to her heart; remembered the vehemence of her renunciation of love. That would do for a beginning, she exulted. If she could take him along that far toward her goal within four days, what might she not accomplish in a year? By that time, she could make him wonder what he ever saw that was attractive about Camilla. She would make herself indispensable to his life.

Camilla resolutely followed the routine of her days and thanked the benevolence of blessed, forgiving, mind-occupying work. If two days could be so interminable and wretched as this, how was she going to endure the year ahead of her? She tried to convince herself that as time passed she would become accustomed to Peter's absence and would be happier. But she did not want time and absence to dull her need of Peter.

If so, what then? She would have nothing left. Nothing for which to live and hope and work. Life then would be just a monotonous existence, without aim or reason or pleasure.

And what if Peter, immersed in his work, involved in his new life, discovered that his longing for her was dulled? Protest beat with broken wings within her breast.

Resolutely, she put her thoughts aside and summoned her will to concentrate upon the fictional lives of her characters.

Miss Scott explained.

Camilla frowned with annoyance. "Probably another high-class beggar who got in with the publicity makes me a good target for such people. I'll see him for a minute."

(To Be Continued)

As long ago as 1868, Westminster, England, tried out a red and green traffic signal in the form of a gas lamp and used only at night.

Eloquent Plea Of Indian

Magistrate Dismisses Case Of Breach Of Game Laws

"Canada is our country; God gave us mouths to eat and put game in the country for us to live on. It is the only way we have of getting a living. You white men have an education and a job to live by, but we have no other way," John O'Case, Chippewa Indian chief, explained to Magistrate R. E. Thurber at Edison, Alta., when charged with illegal possession of big game carcasses. The magistrate dismissed the case.

Evidence disclosed that in July a party of 40 Chippewa Indians moved from the Rocky Mountain House district to Marlboro and began to kill moose and deer. Alarmed last game should be exterminated through a general slaughter, citizens complained.

The magistrate, in announcing his decision, said that unless he had instructions from the attorney-general's department he could not see his way clear to convict the full-blooded, non-treaty Indians who do not live on reserves, as long as they were not making a wholesale slaughter.

He took the stand that the Indians knew of no other way of making a living and unless the government was prepared to look after them, he was not prepared to register a conviction.

A sister of the accused chief, who asked if she could address the court after evidence was taken, and who received permission to do so, described eloquently the experiences of her tribe and how loyal they had been to the white people in times of trouble. She claimed on one occasion when the Prince of Wales was visiting in their district His Royal Highness had told them that they could hunt for a living. Her address lasted 45 minutes, during which she made a stirring plea for her brother, pointing out that they had a mother 105 years old to take care of.

On dismissing the case, the magistrate warned the chief that he must endeavor to obey the laws of the land as far as possible. Chief O'Case agreed readily and shook hands with the magistrate.

Proud Of Its Record

Tree In Nova Scotia 170 Years Old Still Bearing Apples

George R. Whiteman believes he has found the last of the old Nova Scotia, the oldest apple-bearing tree in the Annapolis valley. It is 170 years old and in its life-time has produced 600 barrels of excellent fruit.

Need for the leafy giant came up with the Whiteman family from New England in 1762. It was planted by Mr. Whiteman's great-grandmother. Long years ago the seedling tree was grafted with the Nonpareil variety.

Some seasons it produced 12 barrels of marketable apples and while orchardists of Canada's great orchard country were bemoaning the fact that the last severe winter affected many of the old trees, Mr. Whiteman's "old faithful" blossomed forth lovelier than ever.

Paris Has Good Zoo

Paris boasts that its new zoo, which was opened by the President of France, is one of the largest and most complete in the world. It covers 35 acres in the heart of the Bois de Vincennes, on part of the site of the Colonial Exhibition of 1931. It is larger than the London, Amsterdam or Antwerp zoos and contains 2,000 animals, including specimens from every part of the globe.

Niece (in the picture gallery): "Aunt Sarah, this is the famous 'Angelus,' by Millet." "Well, I never! That man had the nerve to copy the calendar that has hung in our kitchen for a dozen years or more."

People who own canoes should put a "No Tipping" sign on them.

PRESTO PACK

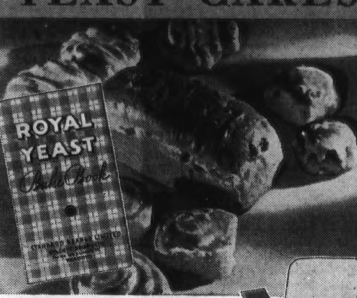
One Pull... One Sheet of Waxed Paper.

Always ready—Inexpensive

Appelhof PAPER PRODUCTS
MANUFACTURED IN CANADA

IT'S EASY TO BAKE WHOLESALE BREADS WITH

ROYAL YEAST CAKES



EACH cake wrapped in air-tight waxed paper—Royal Yeast Cakes always reach you in perfect condition. They keep fresh for months—you can be sure of successful results because their full leavening power will not deteriorate. That's why Royal Yeast Cakes have been the standard of quality for over 50 years—why, today, they are preferred in 7 out of every 8 Canadian homes where dry yeast is used in home baking.

FREE—The Royal Yeast Cake Book to use when you bake at home. 25 tested recipes—breads, rolls, buns, coffee cakes! Address: Standard Brands Ltd., Fraser Ave. & Library St., Toronto, Ont. Ask, too, for leaflet, "The Royal Road to Better Health."

BUT MADE IN CANADA GOODS

Ancient Doll Goes Modern

Prized Possession Of Ontario Child Is 184 Years Old

Prized possession of a little Kitchener, Ontario, girl is a wooden doll said to be 134 years old, handed down by her great-great-grandmother, in Germany from generation to generation.

Brought to Canada in a wooden chest whose date of manufacture was indicated as 1800, the doll is believed to have been made the same year. The body is wood, with hinges fastened with screw nails for joints.

The head, made of a substance resembling plaster of Paris, is solid and fastened to the body with screws. Mute witness to the triumphs of Napoleonic hosts, to the rise and fall of monarchs and empires, the doll by no means preserves the fashions of the dying years of the 18th century. Until the present owner obtained the doll from her mother, who in turn received it from her mother. "Frau-chen Greichen" wore a crepe gown made with a bustle and an old-fashioned bonnet to match. Now, however, she flaunts the acme of twentieth century modishness.

THE RHYMING OPTIMIST

By Aline Michaelis

TWO BIRDS

Two birds, flying wing to wing high above the plain, sail through sunset's blossoming into night's domain.

Vast, pursuing shadows rise from earth's darkening face; Swiftly, through the fading skies into dusk's embrace.

Two birds, heedless of the voice Of the wind of night, flying wing to wing rejoice in their silent flight.

Though they lose the sun's last spark And no comrades follow, they face the dark, Unafraid, they face the dark, Two birds, wing to wing.

Inventor Of Photography

Process Of Henry Fox Talbot Dates From 1835

Among inventors who have revolutionized life, Henry Fox Talbot of Lacock, England, is least well remembered that he should be, although, by means of patents, he took peculiar pains to establish the priority of his inventions over those of Daguerre. His centenary this has particular interest. Fox Talbot took a camera out to the Crimea in 1855.

The apocryph is supposed to be a native of China and was brought in to Europe at the time of Alexander the Great.

Little Helps For This Week

"Study to show thyself approved unto God, a workman that needeth not to be ashamed." 2 Timothy 2:15. "And let us not be weary in well-doing: for in due season we shall reap if we faint not." Galatians 6:9.

The task Thy wisdom has assigned, Oh, let me cheerfully fulfill; In all my works Thy presence find, And prove Thine acceptable will.

What is my next duty? What is the thing that lies nearest to me? That belongs to your every-day history. No one can answer that question but yourself. Your next duty is to determine just what your next duty is. There may be something you neglect, or something you know you ought to do. You would know your duty if you thought in earnest about it and were not ambitious of great things. If it is something commonplace that will make life dreary it will soon lead you to something more. Your duty will commence to comfort you at once, and will at length open the unknown fountain of life in your heart.—G. MacDonald.

Large Radio Order

An order from South America stated to be worth \$1,500,000 and believed to be the biggest order for radio equipment ever received in the United Kingdom was booked by one firm at the opening of the great annual wireless exhibition at Olympia.

Robber crabs, natives of Christmas Island, in the Indian ocean, climb coco-palm trees and break off the coconuts. They hammer in the ends of the shells with their strong claws.

Complete holder with refill—\$1.00 postpaid by return from your Druggist or Tobacconist Dealer wanted everywhere.

DENICOTEA CIGARETTE HOLDER

DENICOTEA Cigarette Holder absorbs the nicotine, pyridine, ammonia and resinous and tarry substances found in tobacco smoke.

Complete holder with refill—\$1.00 postpaid by return from your Druggist or Tobacconist Dealer wanted everywhere.

NOW OBTAINABLE FROM
Robt. Simpson Co. Limited
Box 2, Eaton Co. Limited
Eggleston Drug Store
Hosley's Cigar Store
G. G. Whiskey
Bathurst Drug Store
Bess Matheson

DEALERS WANTED
CHANTLER & CHANTLER, LTD.
Canadian Distributors,
40 Wellington St. W.
TORONTO, ONT.

HURT & SHARPE
Welding
BLACKSMITHS
Electric and Acety
Welders
John Deere and
Cockshutt Agents.
Fertilizer
Crossfield, Alta.
Red Indian Motor Oils and Greases.

Dr. S. H. McClelland
Veterinary Surgeon
Honour Graduate Ontario Veterinary
College
Office—McClelland's Rexall Drug
Store. Phone 3 Crossfield

Council Meetings
The council of the village of Crossfield will meet in the Fire Hall on the first Monday of each month at the hour of 8 o'clock p.m.

By Order of the Village Council.
T. Tredaway, Sec.-Treas.

Canadian Legion B. E. S. L. Crossfield Branch

Meets on the last Saturday of each month in the Masonic Hall at 8 p.m.
Visiting Comrades Welcome.

D. J. HALL R. D. SUTHERLAND
President Secretary

DENTIST

Dr. HARVEY D. DUNCAN,
218a, 8th Ave. W., opposite Palace
Theatre, Calgary

Classified Advertisements

FOR SALE—Fresh Milk Cow and calf.
Apply at Chronicle office.

WANTED—A half truck wagon, etc.
T. Fitzgerald, Phone 313

FOR SALE—Ford four wheel trailer
equipped with car hitch. Apply at
Chronicle Office

FOR SALE—New Potatoes at 1½ cent
per pound. Phone R1405. F. Main

**HUTTON'S FOR MAGNETO, GENER-
ATOR, Starter Repairs.** Batteries
Parts for all makes. Distributors of
American and Robert Bosch, Eisenmann
Wico Magneto. Everything electric
for car and tractor—Hutton's Electric
131 - 11th Avenue West, Calgary.
Phone MS895—Res. M9026

Carl Becker

Contractor and Builder
Repairs and Alterations a Specialty.
Box 14 Crossfield

All Kinds of
TINSMITHING WORK

J. L. McRory
CROSSFIELD Alberta

Cattle and Sheep

We give credit to farmers to
acquire breeding stock.
Write for information

**Dominion Agricultural Credit
Company, Ltd.**

23 Canada Life Building
REGINA SASK.
Agent at Crossfield—T. Tredaway

Gleanings Here and There

The local record for the mile was broken this week by Constable Cameron in the execution of his duty. If you don't want to take our word for it, ask the Bo who was chased and caught he will verify what we have said.

The fans are still at it, nor have they decided yet, whether the Tigers will devour the Giants whole-sale, or whether the Giants will skin the Tigers end for end, but ask Everett he can answer. For those who are in a quandary over the perplexing question as to who will win the World Series, probably they can decide for themselves by visiting the games at the new George Lim Baseball Park, and figure them out for themselves.

Like Van Tromp of old, the old Sailor who used the broom to sweep clean, our local Elevator boys, have all their houses swept out and in readiness for the fall business. Gone is the calm and restfulness of the summer, if one is to judge by the amount of midnight oil being burned around the railway track these nights.

Steve Houlton, manager of the Smith Farm, a few miles east of Lethbridge, has just finished threshing a crop of Trebi barley which yielded 109 bushels to the acre.

The Crossfield Chronicle

ESTABLISHED 1907.
THURSDAY, Aug. 30, 1934.

Local News

School opens Tuesday, Sept. 4th. George Ainscough has purchased a new Ford V8 sedan.

Keep in mind the dance in the U.F.A. Hall on Saturday, Sept. 1st. "Bill" Brooks, notorious bridge shark of Calgary, is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. D. J. Hall.

Riley Brocker of Calgary was the week-end guest of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Laut.

Get your threshers' lien notes and time books at the Chronicle office.

Stanley Pogue will attend Normal School at Calgary during the coming term.

Rev. Longmire and family left Wednesday to spend a couple of days visiting relatives at Delia.

Everett Bills shipped the first carload of 1934 wheat over the local platform Wednesday.

Miss Jean Kelso of Edmonton is visiting her cousin Miss Wilda Laut this week.

J. M. Williams has sold a new Massey-Harris separator to Wilson Stafford.

Miss Myrtle Patmore of Olds is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Melvin Patmore.

Mrs. F. T. Baker returned home on Friday after spending a week visiting relatives in Lethbridge.

Dr. J. Milton Williams of Aurora, Ill. is the guest of his uncle Mayor Williams and Mrs. Williams.

Miss Jones visited her sister Mrs. W. F. Stone on Wednesday on her return from the coast to her home in Toronto.

Miss Edith Seville returned home Monday from Lethbridge where she has been visiting friends for the past three weeks.

R. D. Sutherland and Constable Cameron attended Decoration Day Services at the cenotaph at the Union Cemetery, Calgary, Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Smart returned on Friday of last week after spending their honeymoon in Saskatchewan.

T. M. Mair has with him as his guest for a few days his old school friend Mr. Miller of Vancouver. Mr. Miller occupies the position of Chairman of the Finance Committee, of the City of Vancouver.

Wm. Robertson, C.A. of the Alberta Co-Op. Audit Bureau, Edmonton was in town on Wednesday and Thursday auditing the U. F. A. books.

"Billy" Pines of New Hamburg, Ont. arrived here on Tuesday morning to look after his farm interests in the district and to renew acquaintances with his many old friends.

Miss Mildred Brandon was successful in having her application to become a nurse-in-training accepted by the Holy Cross Hospital, Calgary, and commences her new duties on Friday.

The many friends of Miss Fanny Gough will be glad to know that she is recovering nicely following an operation last week for appendicitis at the Holy Cross Hospital, Calgary.

Mr. and Mrs. J. R. Gilchrist and children left on Saturday for their home at New Dayton, Alberta after spending the past two weeks visiting friends in the town and district.

Miss Gladys Metheral is visiting at her home here after attending Summer School at Edmonton and a two week's holiday at Sylvan Lake. Miss Metheral will resume her teaching duties at Munson next week.

Miss M. Murdoch, Mrs. G. Murdoch, Mrs. W. Pogue, and Mrs. J. Belshaw were visitors at Carstairs on Tuesday the guests of Mrs. C. Wight who entertained on the occasion of the birthday of her mother Mrs. Smith.

St. George's Island, Calgary, was a popular retreat last Sunday for the following local residents Mr. and Mrs. R. J. Hendry, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Stralo, Mr. and Mrs. F. Purvis and Mr. and Mrs. W. Gibson and family.

Local News

Get your school supplies at the Chronicle office.

Mrs. Cruickshank and her brother John Taylor of Wayne left on Tuesday to spend a few days at Banff.

N. S. King who will be remembered by many people in this district as a former accountant in The Canadian Bank of Commerce here, and now of the same Bank at Vancouver, spent Tuesday in town renewing old acquaintances.

Frank Mair left Wednesday en route for Foremost to commence his new duties as teacher in the Foremost district. The Curling Club and other activities will miss Frank this winter, but what is the district's loss will be Foremost's gain.

Miss Deslys Hyde, nurse-in training, left for Edmonton Saturday by motor. Miss Hyde was accompanied on the trip by her mother Mrs. S. H. McClelland and Mrs. G. Y. McLean. The latter two ladies will spend a few days visiting with friends in Edmonton and the district.

Mrs. F. C. Goodsell of Victoria, B. C. is the guest of Mrs. R. M. McCool. Mrs. Goodsell a former Crossfield resident, was surprised at the number of homes built here during the past few years and the neat appearances of the residential part of the town, although she candidly admitted that a good fire was badly needed at the north end of the business section of Main Street.

Mrs. I. Hepworth and daughter who have been visiting Mrs. Hepworth's mother Mrs. Willis, left on Saturday last to spend a few days visiting friends and relatives in the Bowden district prior to leaving for her home at Bonners Ferry, Idaho on Saturday next. Mrs. Willis will accompany her to Idaho where she will spend a short holiday.

ANOTHER ACCIDENT

Mrs. Ed. Clark and her nephew Charlie O'Connor met with what might have proved a more serious auto accident last Monday morning near Didsbury.

A car entered the highway from the west and stopped in the direct path of the oncoming car. O'Connor at the wheel in attempting to avoid collision made to round the stationary car and slipped into the ditch, turning over completely three times, and resting finally on its wheels.

Mrs. Clark suffered a few scratches and bruises, while O'Connor got off free but the Clark car was badly damaged.

Why a Board of Trade?

It is rather surprising to hear that some of our local citizens do not yet grasp the meaning of a Board of Trade and the value of such an institution to a community even of the size of the Crossfield district.

Your local Board of Trade has accomplished much since it was inaugurated some five years ago, and if it had not done more than create the community spirit which now exists, this should be sufficient to prove its worth.

Possibly the following may be of interest to some of our readers—Your Board of Trade possesses valuable results in bringing together all the citizens in the community to work in co-operation to effect improvements that will benefit the community generally.

Service Clubs work from the outside in, but your Board of Trade works from the inside out, doing things that radiate to the benefit of the whole community.

Special Prize for Best Clydesdale Foal at Crossfield School Fair

Wm. Russell, member of the Alberta Clydesdale Horses Breeders' Association states that the above Association has agreed to give a special prize to the boy or girl showing the best Clydesdale foal at the Crossfield School Fair on Sept. 6th.

Post Office Hours Labor Day

Monday next, (Labor Day) a holiday, the post office windows will be open between 10:00 and 11:00 a.m.

NOTICE

All arrears of Business Taxes must be paid on or before September 1st, 1934. This notice is final.

Village of Crossfield

Crossfield Grain Prices

Thursday, August 30, 1934
Wheat—No. 1 Gde, No. 2 67½¢, No. 3 64¢, 4 Bds. 4 49¢, No. 6 39¢, Feed 32¢, Oats—No. 2 C.W. 33¢, No. 3 C.W. 30¢, Barley—No. 3 C.W. 44¢, No. 4 42½¢, Rye—No. 2 C.W. 50¢.

Auction Sale

School Fair Day, Sept. 6th.

A pure bred Hereford Heifer calf donated to the Boys' and Girls' Club by F. Collicutt, Esq.

This calf was one of those shown by Mr. Collicutt to the selection committee for the Royal Show at Toronto.

Also a pure bred Shorthorn Heifer calf, donated by the Avondale Shorthorn Club. A number of Fed Calves shown by the members will also be sold at the same time.

All roads lead to the Fair Grounds, Crossfield on Sept. 6th.

Speakman Explains Recent Legislation at Eckville

ECKVILLE, Aug. 28—Alfred Speakman, M.P., in an address to the U.F.A. here Friday stated the recent session of the Dominion House was one of the most important sessions ever held. A tremendous amount of work was done and the outcome was particularly satisfactory to the U. F. A. representatives.

While they did not secure all legislation they hoped a great step in their direction had been taken.

Mr. Speakman has a great admiration for Mr. Bennett and Mr. Stevens, and claims they were outstanding men of this generation. The speaker explained briefly the four outstanding pieces of legislation, and the acts respecting the Bank of Canada, Federal Farm Debt Adjustment, amendments to Bankruptcy Act, Public Works and Marketing, were clearly explained, the greater portion of his time being given to the latter.

The act, he said, was based on producer control. Alberta has already taken active steps to take advantage of the legislation, and at the Olds School the issues were thoroughly discussed and a provincial wide committee was set up to draw a plan for marketing of livestock.

The U.F.A. group took much credit for many features in the legislation passed and strongly supported the Government for having listened to its counsel.

Ed.—This is the spirit of co-operation sadly needed in our politics, but unfortunately so seldom evident. Mr. Alfred Speakman is also an outstanding man, a gentleman of the highest character who has been active in promoting legislation for the benefit of the nation irrespective of the party in power. He stands high in the estimation not only of his constituency but throughout the Dominion and particularly of the returned soldier for whom he has done so much.

Church of the Ascension (ANGLICAN)

Sunday, September 2nd.
Evening and talks by members of the Oxford Group Movement from Calgary. Everybody welcome.
Sunday School will commence at 10:00 a.m. on Sunday, Sept. 9th.

FORM "C" The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities)

Sale & Redemption of Impounded Animals (Sec. 48)

NOTICE is hereby given under section 48 of The Domestic Animals Act (Municipalities) that the following animals have been impounded and sold, and may be redeemed by the owner or owners or on their behalf within a period of thirty days from the publication of this notice in the Alberta Gazette, upon payment of all fees and costs due to the Municipality and to the purchasers of the animals.

Impounded in the pound kept by H. Gano, located on the N. W. 21-28-3-w6M on the 22nd day of July, A.D. 1934, and sold on the 4th day of August, 1934.

Black Mare, aged, weight 1400 lbs. no visible brand, sold to Geo. Fulthorpe, Madden, Alta.

Sorrel Pony Mare, branded A right thigh, sold to Leo Rawleigh, Madden.

For information apply to the undersigned.
G. B. HUNTER,
Secretary-Treasurer of the Municipal District of Beaver Dam, No. 281,
Dog Pound, Alta.

School Supplies

Ink Scribbles	10 for 25c
Pencils	2 for 5c
Drawing Pads	5c and 10c
Crayons	5c, 10c, 20c
Pencil Scribbles	9 for 25c
Penholders	5c and 10c
Pencil Boxes with lock and key	15c
Mathematical Sets	75c
Highroads Dictionary	50c
Reeves Paints	50c

Ink, Chalk, Foolsap, etc. for Schools.

We have a number of Used Text Books at Half Price

Chronicle Stationery Store

Alberta Grain Growers Read This Message

It is of vital importance that a strong co-operative elevator system should flourish in Alberta. It is desirable that such an elevator system should be under the control of Alberta Grain Growers—men who are actually following the occupation of farming.

The Alberta Pool Elevator system is the only organization in Alberta that meets these requirements.

All country elevators of the Pool System are operated under public license and as such are in a position to handle the grain of any grower.

Alberta Pool Elevators are on a sound financial basis; are efficiently managed and can give unexcelled service to the grain growers of this province. Alberta Pool agents are carefully selected and have strict instructions to give fair treatment, including proper weights and correct grades, to all patrons.

Alberta Pool Elevators operate on the principle of "Each for all and all for each"—a principle which will tend to bring a measure of economic and social justice, peace and prosperity throughout the world.

ALBERTA POOL ELEVATORS

O. K. Service Station

Vulcanizing and Battery Service

Gas, Oils, Greases, Accessories



Buy Your TIRES NOW
before the advance in
Price

We can supply your needs in
Lubricating Oils for farm machinery.

We recommend MOBILOIL
Service That Satisfies.

For Sale

Seven roomed modern house, ideal location. Good well, garage. Here's the biggest bargain ever offered in Crossfield. A sound investment. Investigate.

Apply to

Thos. Tredaway